STORMWATER ANALYSIS & CALCULATIONS REPORT

for

95 MAIN STREET WILLIAMSBURG, MASSACHUSETTS

Prepared for:

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Prepared by:

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SOURCE OF DATA

- Technical Report No. 20
- Technical Report No. 55
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Atlas 14
- Field Survey by Meridian Associates, Inc.
- Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook February 2008

REPORT SUMMARY:

Calculation Objective

The purpose of this drainage analysis is to design a stormwater management system that will not increase peak rates or volume of stormwater runoff that will flow offsite from pre to post development conditions. Three Design Points have been chosen around the perimeter of the site for measurement during the 2, 10, and 100-year design storm events, and these are represented in the calculations included in this report.

The following analysis is separated into existing conditions and proposed conditions for ease of comparison. Drainage maps have been incorporated into this report to depict existing and proposed watershed areas and subcatchments for the site.

This stormwater management hydrological study has been prepared in accordance with the Performance Standards set forth in the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) Stormwater Handbook.

Classification of Soils:

Existing soil conditions within the limits of the watershed analyzed for this study have been categorized as:

- Paxton Fine Sandy Loam, Hydrological Soil Group C
- Ridgebury Fine Sandy Loam, Hydrological Soil Group D
- Sudbury Fine Sandy Loam, Hydrological Soil Group B
- Windsor Loamy Sand, Hydrological Soil Group A

These classifications are based upon the Natural Resource Conservation Service Maps obtained through its web soil survey website on July 31, 2018. A copy of this soil map is contained in the Appendix of this report. In addition, onsite soil testing was conducted by Meridian Associates Inc. (MAI) on August 14, 2018 in the areas depicted on the attached plans. This testing revealed a sandy loam parent material, and the soil test logs can be found in the design plan set.

Selection of Storm Events

The storm event rainfall frequencies used for this analysis have been selected based upon the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Atlas 14, and the data was obtained from their website in July, 2018 and updated on September 28, 2018. Rainfall frequency data obtained is as follows for Williamsburg, MA:

	NOAA Precipitation
Frequency (Years)	[24 hour event (inches)]
2	3.12
10	4.93
100	7.81

Existing Site Overview

The project consists of a lot (95 Main Street) encompassing 35.74± acres of land in Williamsburg, Massachusetts. Some tree clearing work will also be conducted on a neighboring lot (5R Hatfield Road) encompassing 6.84± acres. The entire project area is currently undeveloped woodland, portions of which are in the process of being cleared for logging purposes. The project area is bordered by land now or formerly Susan E. Stebbins to the west, land now or formerly Lee. H. Lashaway to the north, land now or formerly Penelope Johnson to the East, and land now or formerly: Penelope Johnson, Poverty Mountain Partners LLC, or Lawrence E. & Linda A. West to the south. The area included within the drainage analysis currently drains towards either bordering vegetated wetlands to the southwest, abutters to the south, or bordering vegetated wetlands to the east. The stormwater runoff patterns established within the pre-development conditions are based on existing topography indicating that the runoff flows in general to three (3) design point areas which are listed below:

- **Design Point #1 (DP1)** is the southwestern bordering vegetated wetlands.
- **Design Point #2 (DP2)** is the eastern bordering vegetated wetlands.
- **Design Point #3 (DP3)** is the southern abutters.

The existing site has been broken into three (3) subcatchment as depicted on the Pre-Development Drainage Plan. The following summarizes the hydraulic condition and area comprising the pre-hydrologic model:

- **Subcatchment SC1.0** This is denoted as SC1.0 on the accompanying Pre-Development Drainage Plan. The subcatchment area consists entirely of wooded land. Stormwater runoff generated in this subcatchment flows southwesterly towards bordering vegetated wetlands. **(DP1)**
- **Subcatchment SC2.0** This is denoted as SC2.0 on the accompanying Pre-Development Drainage Plan. The subcatchment area consists of wooded land and a grassed field on land now or formerly Lee H. Lashaway. Stormwater runoff generated in this subcatchment flows southeasterly towards bordering vegetated wetlands. **(DP2)**
- **Subcatchment SC3.0** This is denoted as SC3.0 on the accompanying Pre-Development Drainage Plan. The subcatchment area consists entirely of wooded land.

Stormwater runoff generated in this subcatchment flows southerly towards abutting land. **(DP3)**

It should be noted that even though the property has been, and is also currently, in the process of being deforested for logging purposes, the comparison of conditions included in this drainage analysis assume a pre-development condition of a completely forested site in order to take a conservative approach to the stormwater design.

Proposed Site Overview

The proposed project entails the development of the existing wooded land into a solar energy generating facility, the improvement and extension of an existing gravel access drive, infiltration basins, a grassed drainage swale, stone trenches, concrete equipment pads, battery storage, electrical and interconnection equipment, electrical conduit, new utility poles and risers, fencing, gates, and associated seeding and soil stabilization. The existing general runoff patterns will be largely maintained, with selective grading. The proposed solar facility racking will be installed using a screw and/or driven post system which minimizes impact on the existing topography and reduces the need for excess earthwork.

The proposed site has been broken into subcatchments as depicted on the Post-Development Drainage Plan. The following summarizes the various hydraulic conditions and areas comprising the post-hydrologic model.

Subcatchment SC100 – This is denoted as SC100 on the accompanying Pre-Development Drainage Plan. The subcatchment area consists of wooded land, proposed gravel, and proposed meadow seeded with Conservation Wildlife Mix and a proposed concrete pad. Stormwater runoff generated in this subcatchment flows southwesterly towards bordering vegetated wetlands. **(DP1)**

Subcatchment SC200 – This is denoted as SC200 on the accompanying Pre-Development Drainage Plan. The subcatchment area consists of wooded land, proposed gravel and proposed meadow seeded with Conservation Wildlife Mix. Stormwater runoff generated in this subcatchment flows southwesterly to an intermittent stream that leads to the stream confluence. **(DP2)**

Subcatchment SC210 – This is denoted as SC210 on the accompanying Pre-Development Drainage Plan. The subcatchment area consists of wooded land, proposed meadow seeded with Conservation Wildlife Mix, and a proposed concrete pad. Stormwater runoff generated in this subcatchment flows southwesterly to an infiltration basin (P210) then to an intermittent stream that leads to the stream confluence. **(DP2)**

Subcatchment SC300 – This is denoted as SC300 on the accompanying Pre-Development Drainage Plan. The subcatchment area consists of wooded land, proposed meadow seeded with Conservation Wildlife Mix, Stormwater runoff generated in this subcatchment flows southerly to abutting land now or formerly owned by Lisa A. Deitz, Statia Skwira and Poverty Mountain Partners LLC. (DP3)

Subcatchment SC310 – This is denoted as SC301 on the accompanying Pre-Development Drainage Plan. The subcatchment area consists entirely proposed meadow seeded with Conservation Wildlife Mix. Stormwater runoff generated in this subcatchment flows southerly to an infiltration basin (P310) then towards abutting land to the south.

Stormwater Management Standards

Standard 1: No new stormwater conveyances may discharge untreated stormwater directly to or cause erosion in wetlands or waters of the Commonwealth.

This project does not direct any untreated stormwater towards neighboring resource areas. All runoff from the project will either be treated in one of two (2) surface basin BMP's before reaching an outlet with a large riprap apron or level spreader, or will run overland across large areas of vegetated land before reaching any resource area.

Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation - Stormwater management systems shall be designed so that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed predevelopment peak discharge rates. This standard may be waived for discharges to land subject to coastal storm flowage as defined in 310 CMR 10.04.

For the purpose of analyzing pre and post development stormwater peak rates of runoff, design points have been selected based on existing topographic conditions and were used for both the pre- and the post-development calculations. Comparison values for pre and post-development stormwater peak rates are given for the design points only.

The storm events used to calculate peak runoff rates for pre and post construction conditions, as previously mentioned, have been selected based upon the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Atlas 14 and taken directly from the NOAA website. Full detail of peak rate attenuation along with supplemental stormwater calculations utilizing HydroCAD software as well as pre and post-construction drainage site plans can be found in the Appendix of this Stormwater Analysis report. The details of this report show that the peak rates of runoff for the 2-year, 10-year and 100-year events have been matched or reduced from pre to post conditions, and that overall stormwater volume leaving the site is also reduced.

The hydrologic calculations from HydroCAD model's Design Points have been included in the "Stormwater Analysis & Calculations Report".

Summary of Flows at Design Point 1

	Existing Con	ditions (Pre)	Proposed Conditions (Post)		
Storm Event	Peak Flow	Volume	Peak Flow	Volume	
	(CFS)	<u>(AF)</u>	<u>(CFS)</u>	<u>(AF)</u>	
2-Year	11.3	1.13	9.8	0.94	
10-Year	32.0	2.87	26.8	2.34	
100-Year	71.1	6.22	58.5	5.00	

Summary of Flows at Design Point 2

	Existing Con	ditions (Pre)	Proposed Conditions (Post)		
Storm Event	Peak Flow (CFS)	Volume (AF)	Peak Flow (CFS)	Volume (AF)	
2-Year	7.5	1.08	6.1	0.83	
10-Year	21.1	2.74	17.7	2.41	
100-Year	46.6	5.93	39.9	5.55	

Summary of Flows at Design Point 3

	Existing Con	ditions (Pre)	Proposed Conditions (Post)		
Storm Event	Peak Flow	Volume	Peak Flow	Volume	
	<u>(CFS)</u>	<u>(AF)</u>	<u>(CFS)</u>	<u>(AF)</u>	
2-Year	0.4	0.10	0.1	0.04	
10-Year	3.4	0.40	1.9	0.22	
100-Year	11.6	1.13	9.3	1.17	

Standard 3: Recharge - Loss of annual recharge to groundwater shall be eliminated or minimized...at a minimum, the annual recharge from the post-development site shall approximate the annual recharge from pre-development conditions based on soil type. This standard is met when the stormwater management system is designed to infiltrate the required recharge volume in accordance with the Mass Stormwater Handbook.

The project proposes a small amount of impervious area (approx. 2,500 s.f.) for the concrete equipment pads that will not have their runoff directed into a stormwater basin. In relation to the overall project area being developed, it is our opinion that this is a de minimus amount of impervious area that will have no impact in the overall design. These concrete pads will be surrounded by a crushed stone trench to allow for a measure of infiltration to treat any runoff coming directly off the concrete. Any runoff from the pads not entering the stone trench would flow overland where it can be infiltrated into the soils along the route towards the neighboring wetlands. Given this, as well as the recharge being provided by the proposed infiltration basins on site, we feel that the annual recharge from the proposed site approximates the annual recharge from pre-development conditions.

72-HOUR BASIN DRAW DOWN CALCULATIONS

$$Time = \frac{Rv}{(K)(BottomArea)}$$

 $R_v = Storage Volume$

K = Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity for Sandy Loam= 1.02 in/hour Bottom Area = Bottom Area of Recharge Structure

Pond 210

 $R_v = 3,580 \text{ cf}$ Bottom Area = 11,716 sf

Time = 2.974/(1.02(1/12)(11.716)) = 2.98 hours

2.98 hours < 72 hours

Pond 310

 $R_v = 24,200 \text{ cf}$

Bottom Area = 10,395 sf

Time = 24,200/(1.02(1/12)(10,395)) = 27.4 hours

27.4 hours < 72 hours

Standard 4: Water Quality – Stormwater management systems shall be designed to remove 80% of the average annual post-construction load of Total Suspended Solids (TSS). The standard is met with pollution prevention plans, stormwater BMP's sized to capture required water quality volume, and pretreatment measures.

The project proposes a de-minimus amount of impervious area (approx. 2,500 s.f.) for the concrete equipment pads. These equipment pads will be surrounded by crushed stone infiltration trenches to treat the small amount of TSS generated. In addition, any excess runoff will travel overland before encountering any resource areas. Any TSS generated from impervious areas will receive treatment. As shown below, a very small water quality volume of 104 cf will be generated on site.

General Equation from Stormwater Management Handbook

```
Vwq = (Dwq)(A)
Vwq = required water quality volume
Dwq = water quality depth (1" for critical areas, 0.5" for non-critical areas)
A = impervious area
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The following calculation is based on 0.5" for non-critical areas:

$$Vwq = (2,500)(0.5^{\circ\prime}/12) = 104 \pm cf$$

Standard 5: Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs) – Source control and pollution prevention shall be implemented in accordance with the Stormwater Handbook to eliminate or reduce the discharge of stormwater runoff from such land uses to the maximum extent practicable.

Stormwater Standard 5 is not applicable to this project. The proposed development will not subject the site to higher potential pollutant loads as defined in the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Wetlands and Water Quality Regulations.

LUHPPLs are identified in 310 CMR 22.20B(2) and C(2)(a)-(k) and (m) and CMR 22.21(2)(a)(1)-(8) and (b)(1)-(6), areas within a site that are the location of activities that are subject to an individual National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit or the NPDES Multi-sector General Permit; auto fueling facilities, exterior fleet storage areas, exterior vehicle service and equipment cleaning areas; marinas and boatyards; parking lots with high-intensity-use; confined disposal facilities and disposal sites.

Standard 6: Critical Areas – Stormwater discharges to critical areas require the use of specific source control and pollution prevention measures and specific structural stormwater best management practices determined by the Department to be suitable for managing discharges to such areas.

Stormwater Standard 6 is not applicable to this project given that proposed stormwater does not discharge to a critical area. Critical areas being Outstanding Resource Waters and Special Resource Waters as designated in 314 CMR 4.0, recharge areas for public water supplies as defined in 310 CMR 22.02, bathing beaches as defined in 105 CMR 445.000, cold-water fisheries and shellfish growing areas as defined in 314 CMR 9.02

and 310 CMR 10.04. The existing wetlands and streams are not considered critical areas therefore Standard #6 does not apply to this project.

Standard 7: Redevelopments – A redevelopment project is required to meet Standards 1-6 only to the maximum extent practicable. Remaining standards shall be met as well as the project shall improve the existing conditions.

Stormwater Standard 7 is not applicable to this project. Within the Stormwater Management Handbook (volume 1 chapter 1 page 20), the definition of a redevelopment project includes, "development, rehabilitation, expansion and phased projects on previously developed sites, provided the redevelopment results in no net increase in impervious area".

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan shall be implemented.

An *Operation and Maintenance Program* is included with this report. The program details the construction period operation and maintenance plan and sequencing for pollution prevention measures and erosion and sedimentation controls. Locations of erosion control measures for the project are depicted on the design plan set accompanying this report.

Standard 9: A long term Operation and Maintenance Plan shall be implemented.

An *Operation and Maintenance Program for a Proposed Stormwater Management System* is included with this report. The long term operation and maintenance section of the program provides details and the schedule for routine and non-routine maintenance tasks to be implemented at the completion of the project.

Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges – Illicit discharges to the stormwater management system are prohibited.

Illicit discharges to the stormwater management system are discharges that are not entirely comprised of stormwater. Discharges to the stormwater management system from the following activities or facilities are permissible: Firefighting, water line flushing, landscape irrigation, uncontaminated groundwater, potable water sources, foundation drains, air conditioning condensation, footing drains, individual resident car washing, flows from riparian habitats and wetlands, dechlorinated water from swimming pools, water used for street washing and water used to clean residential buildings without detergents. All other illicit discharges are prohibited.

There are no known illicit discharges anticipated through the completion of this project. During construction and post construction procedures are provided to dissipate the potential for illicit discharges to the drainage system. Post construction preventions of

illicit discharges are described in the Operation and Maintenance Program under the Good Housekeeping Practices section of the report.

Conclusion

The calculations demonstrate that the proposed development will not result in an increase in the peak rate or overall volume of stormwater runoff leaving the project site in the 2-year, 10-year, or 100-year 24-hour storm events.

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NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 10, Version 2 Location name: Haydenville, Massachusetts, USA* Latitude: 42.378°, Longitude: -72.7049° Elevation: 460.07 ft** *source: ESRI Maps ** source: USGS

POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sandra Pavlovic, Michael St. Laurent, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Orlan Wilhite

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF tabular | PF graphical | Maps & aerials

PF tabular

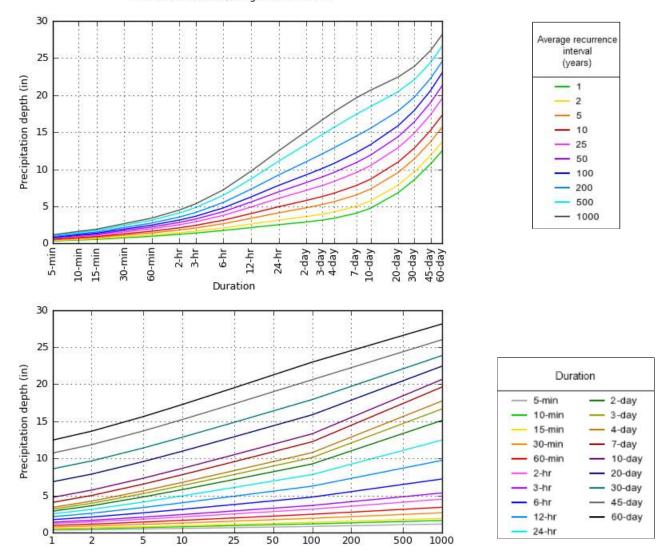
atia	Average recurrence interval (years)									
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.324 (0.250-0.417)	0.382 (0.295-0.491)	0.476 (0.366-0.615)	0.555 (0.424-0.720)	0.662 (0.491-0.895)	0.745 (0.541-1.03)	0.828 (0.584-1.18)	0.924 (0.621-1.36)	1.05 (0.681-1.60)	1.15 (0.726-1.78
10-min	0.459 (0.355-0.590)	0.541 (0.417-0.696)	0.675 (0.519-0.871)	0.786 (0.601-1.02)	0.938 (0.695-1.27)	1.06 (0.766-1.46)	1.17 (0.827-1.68)	1.31 (0.880-1.92)	1.49 (0.965-2.26)	1.63 (1.03-2.52)
15-min	0.541 (0.417-0.694)	0.637 (0.491-0.819)	0.794 (0.610-1.02)	0.924 (0.707-1.20)	1.10 (0.818-1.49)	1.24 (0.902-1.71)	1.38 (0.973-1.97)	1.54 (1.04-2.26)	1.75 (1.14-2.66)	1.91 (1.21-2.96
30-min	0.751 (0.580-0.965)	0.885 (0.683-1.14)	1.11 (0.849-1.43)	1.29 (0.984-1.67)	1.54 (1.14-2.08)	1.73 (1.26-2.39)	1.92 (1.36-2.74)	2.15 (1.44-3.15)	2.44 (1.58-3.71)	2.66 (1.69-4.13)
60-min	0.962 (0.743-1.24)	1.13 (0.875-1.46)	1.42 (1.09-1.83)	1.65 (1.26-2.14)	1.97 (1.46-2.66)	2.22 (1.61-3.06)	2.47 (1.74-3.52)	2.75 (1.85-4.04)	3.13 (2.03-4.75)	3.41 (2.16-5.29)
2-hr	1.22 (0.951-1.56)	1.44 (1.12-1.85)	1.80 (1.40-2.31)	2.10 (1.62-2.71)	2.52 (1.88-3.39)	2.83 (2.07-3.90)	3.15 (2.24-4.50)	3.56 (2.40-5.19)	4.09 (2.66-6.19)	4.50 (2.86-6.94)
3-hr	1.40 (1.09-1.78)	1.66 (1.29-2.11)	2.08 (1.62-2.66)	2.43 (1.88-3.12)	2.91 (2.18-3.92)	3.29 (2.42-4.52)	3.66 (2.62-5.23)	4.16 (2.81-6.06)	4.83 (3.14-7.28)	5.34 (3.39-8.21)
6-hr	1.74 (1.37-2.20)	2.09 (1.64-2.64)	2.66 (2.08-3.37)	3.13 (2.43-3.99)	3.78 (2.86-5.07)	4.28 (3.18-5.88)	4.78 (3.46-6.85)	5.52 (3.74-8.00)	6.49 (4.24-9.74)	7.23 (4.61-11.1)
12-hr	2.13 (1.69-2.67)	2.60 (2.06-3.27)	3.38 (2.66-4.25)	4.02 (3.14-5.09)	4.90 (3.73-6.54)	5.58 (4.17-7.64)	6.26 (4.57-8.96)	7.31 (4.97-10.5)	8.69 (5.69-13.0)	9.73 (6.23-14.8)
24-hr	2.52 (2.00-3.14)	3.13 (2.48-3.90)	4.12 (3.26-5.15)	4.94 (3.89-6.22)	6.08 (4.65-8.08)	6.95 (5.23-9.48)	7.82 (5.76-11.2)	9.23 (6.30-13.2)	11.1 (7.27-16.5)	12.5 (8.01-18.9)
2-day	2.88 (2.31-3.56)	3.61 (2.89-4.47)	4.80 (3.83-5.97)	5.79 (4.59-7.24)	7.15 (5.52-9.47)	8.20 (6.22-11.2)	9.25 (6.87-13.2)	11.0 (7.55-15.7)	13.4 (8.79-19.8)	15.1 (9.74-22.8)
3-day	3.15 (2.53-3.88)	3.95 (3.17-4.87)	5.25 (4.20-6.50)	6.33 (5.04-7.88)	7.82 (6.06-10.3)	8.97 (6.83-12.2)	10.1 (7.55-14.4)	12.1 (8.30-17.2)	14.7 (9.70-21.7)	16.7 (10.8-25.1)
4-day	3.39 (2.73-4.16)	4.24 (3.41-5.21)	5.62 (4.51-6.93)	6.77 (5.40-8.40)	8.35 (6.48-11.0)	9.57 (7.30-12.9)	10.8 (8.06-15.4)	12.9 (8.86-18.3)	15.6 (10.3-23.0)	17.7 (11.5-26.6)
7-day	4.06 (3.29-4.96)	5.00 (4.05-6.11)	6.53 (5.27-8.01)	7.80 (6.25-9.63)	9.55 (7.44-12.5)	10.9 (8.34-14.6)	12.2 (9.15-17.3)	14.5 (9.99-20.4)	17.4 (11.5-25.5)	19.6 (12.7-29.3)
10-day	4.74 (3.86-5.77)	5.72 (4.65-6.97)	7.33 (5.93-8.96)	8.66 (6.96-10.6)	10.5 (8.18-13.6)	11.9 (9.11-15.9)	13.3 (9.93-18.6)	15.5 (10.7-21.9)	18.4 (12.3-26.9)	20.7 (13.4-30.8)
20-day	6.85 (5.61-8.27)	7.88 (6.45-9.53)	9.57 (7.80-11.6)	11.0 (8.89-13.4)	12.9 (10.1-16.5)	14.4 (11.0-18.9)	15.9 (11.8-21.7)	17.9 (12.4-24.9)	20.5 (13.7-29.7)	22.4 (14.6-33.3)
30-day	8.59 (7.06-10.3)	9.66 (7.93-11.6)	11.4 (9.33-13.8)	12.9 (10.5-15.6)	14.9 (11.6-18.9)	16.4 (12.5-21.3)	17.9 (13.2-24.2)	19.7 (13.8-27.4)	22.1 (14.8-31.9)	23.9 (15.6-35.3)
45-day	10.7 (8.85-12.8)	11.8 (9.77-14.2)	13.7 (11.3-16.5)	15.2 (12.4-18.5)	17.4 (13.6-21.9)	19.0 (14.5-24.4)	20.6 (15.2-27.4)	22.2 (15.6-30.8)	24.4 (16.4-35.1)	26.0 (17.0-38.3)
60-day	12.5	13.7	15.6	17.3	19.5	21.3	23.0	24.5	26.6	28.1

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values. Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves Latitude: 42.3780°, Longitude: -72.7049°



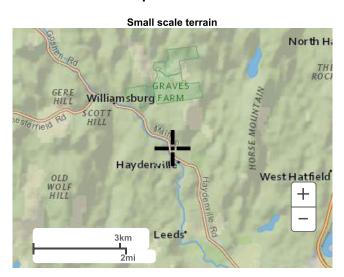
NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 10, Version 2

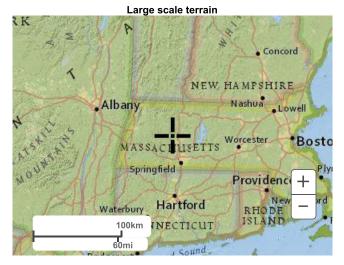
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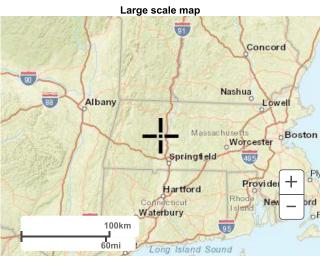
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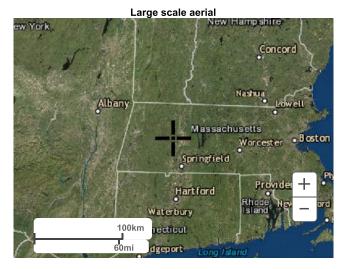
Average recurrence interval (years)

Maps & aerials



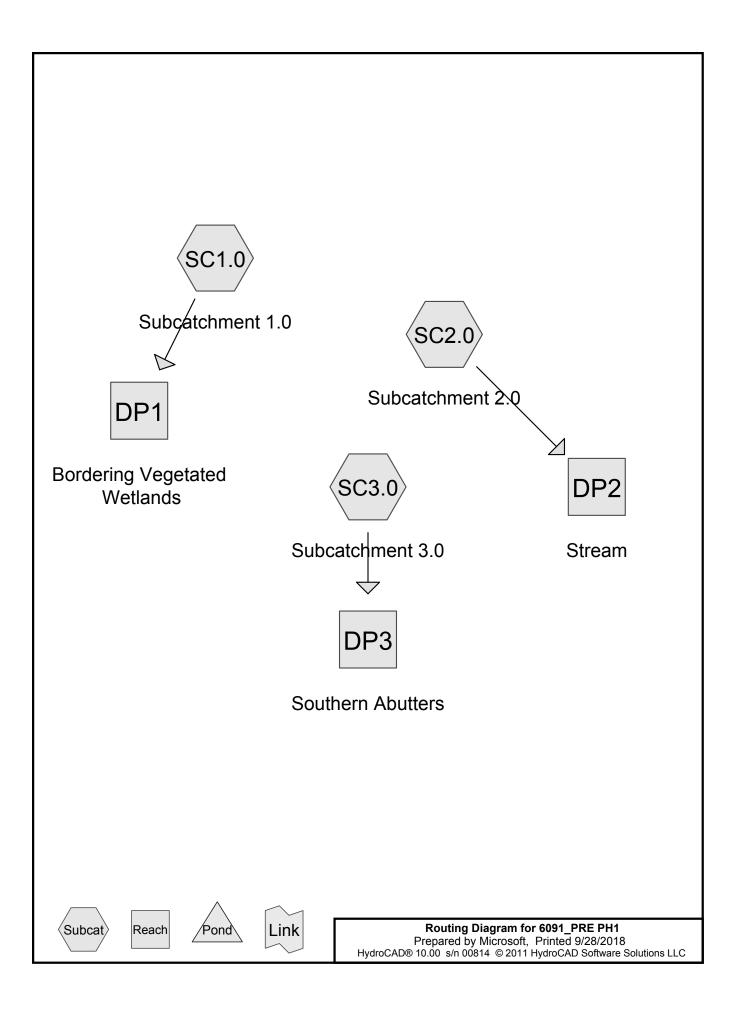






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EXISTING CONDITIONS WATERSHED ROUTING DIAGRAM



HydroCAD® 10.00 s/n 00814 © 2011 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

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Summary for Subcatchment SC1.0: Subcatchment 1.0

Runoff = 11.3 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 1.13 af, Depth= 0.78"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

 Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	10,167	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
7	35,536	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
	9,697	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C
7	55,400	70	Weighted A		
7	55,400		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.1	50	0.120	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
4.7	710	0.250	2.5		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
4.0	440	0.050			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
 1.6	110	0.050) 1.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B) Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
12.4	870	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment SC2.0: Subcatchment 2.0

Runoff = 7.5 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 1.08 af, Depth= 0.78"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description			
14,443	30	Woods, Good, HSG A			
634,568	70	Woods, Good, HSG C			
23,378	77	Woods, Good, HSG D			
 48,590	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C			
720,979	70	Weighted Average			
720,979		100.00% Pervious Area			

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	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
-	5.7	50	0.0200	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
	8.0	475	0.0200	1.0		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.5	50	0.0600	1.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	6.5	680	0.1200	1.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	6.4	505	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (D)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.4	150	0.1300	1.8		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (E)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	2.2	175	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (F)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	30.7	2,085	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment SC3.0: Subcatchment 3.0

Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 0.10 af, Depth= 0.23"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
	72,320	30 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG A	
	35,738		Noods, Go	,	
1	14,015	70 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG C	
	22,073		Neighted A		
2	22,073	•	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.7	50	0.1400	,	(3.3)	Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
1.2	125	0.1200	1.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A) Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.5	400	0.2800	2.6		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B) Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
4.8	145	0.0100	0.5		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C) Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
14.2	720	Total			

Summary for Reach DP1: Bordering Vegetated Wetlands

Inflow Area =		17.342 ac,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.78" for	2-Year event
Inflow	=	11.3 cfs @	12.19 hrs, Volume=	1.13 af		
Outflow	=	11.3 cfs @	12.19 hrs. Volume=	1.13 af.	Atten= 0%	Lag= 0.0 min

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Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach DP2: Stream

Inflow Area = 16.551 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.78" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 7.5 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 1.08 af

Outflow = 7.5 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 1.08 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach DP3: Southern Abutters

Inflow Area = 5.098 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.23" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.4 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 0.10 af

Outflow = 0.4 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 0.10 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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Summary for Subcatchment SC1.0: Subcatchment 1.0

Runoff = 32.0 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 2.87 af, Depth= 1.98"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.93"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		10,167	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	7	35,536	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
_		9,697	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C
	7	55,400	70	Weighted A	verage	
	7	55,400		100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	•	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	6.1	50	0.120	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
	4.7	710	0.250	0 2.5		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
	4.7	7 10	0.2300	2.5		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
_	1.6	110	0.050	0 1.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B) Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	12.4	870	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment SC2.0: Subcatchment 2.0

Runoff = 21.1 cfs @ 12.45 hrs, Volume= 2.74 af, Depth= 1.98"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.93"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description			
14,443	30	Woods, Good, HSG A			
634,568	70	Woods, Good, HSG C			
23,378	77	Woods, Good, HSG D			
 48,590	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C			
720,979	70	Weighted Average			
720,979		100.00% Pervious Area			

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	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	5.7	50	0.0200	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
	8.0	475	0.0200	1.0		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.5	50	0.0600	1.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	6.5	680	0.1200	1.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	6.4	505	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (D)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.4	150	0.1300	1.8		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (E)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	2.2	175	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (F)
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	30.7	2,085	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment SC3.0: Subcatchment 3.0

Runoff = 3.4 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.40 af, Depth= 0.95"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.93"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		72,320	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
		35,738		Woods, Go	,	
	1	14,015	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
		22,073		Weighted A		
	2	22,073		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
(n	Tc nin)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description
					(013)	Chart Flow Chart Flow
	5.7	50	0.1400	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
	1.2	125	0.1200	1.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A) Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	2.5	400	0.2800	2.6		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B) Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	4.8	145	0.0100	0.5		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C) Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1	4.2	720	Total			

Summary for Reach DP1: Bordering Vegetated Wetlands

Inflow Are	a =	17.342 ac,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth =	1.98"	for 1	0-Year event
Inflow	=	32.0 cfs @	12.18 hrs, Volume=	2.87 af			
Outflow	=	32.0 cfs @	12.18 hrs, Volume=	2.87 af,	Atten=	0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

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Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach DP2: Stream

Inflow Area = 16.551 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.98" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 21.1 cfs @ 12.45 hrs, Volume= 2.74 af

Outflow = 21.1 cfs @ 12.45 hrs, Volume= 2.74 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach DP3: Southern Abutters

Inflow Area = 5.098 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.95" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 3.4 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.40 af

Outflow = 3.4 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.40 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

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Summary for Subcatchment SC1.0: Subcatchment 1.0

Runoff = 71.1 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 6.22 af, Depth= 4.30"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.81"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		10,167	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	7	35,536	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
_		9,697	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C
	7	55,400	70	Weighted A	verage	
	7	55,400		100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	•	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	6.1	50	0.120	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
	4.7	710	0.250	0 2.5		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
	4.7	7 10	0.2300	2.5		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
_	1.6	110	0.050	0 1.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B) Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	12.4	870	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment SC2.0: Subcatchment 2.0

Runoff = 46.6 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 5.93 af, Depth= 4.30"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.81"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
14,443	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
634,568	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
23,378	77	Woods, Good, HSG D
 48,590	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
720,979	70	Weighted Average
720,979		100.00% Pervious Area

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	_					
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	•
_	5.7	50	0.0200	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
	8.0	475	0.0200	1.0		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.5	50	0.0600	1.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	6.5	680	0.1200	1.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	6.4	505	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (D)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.4	150	0.1300	1.8		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (E)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	2.2	175	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (F)
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	30.7	2.085	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment SC3.0: Subcatchment 3.0

Runoff = 11.6 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 1.13 af, Depth= 2.66"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.81"

	Aı	ea (sf)	CN	Description		
		72,320	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
		35,738	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	1	14,015	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
		22,073	55	Weighted A		
222,073 100.00% Pervious Area		ervious Are	a			
	Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
(m	in)	(feet)	(ft/ft)) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
į	5.7	50	0.1400	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.12"
•	1.2	125	0.1200) 1.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
,	~ -	400	0.000			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2	2.5	400	0.2800	2.6		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B) Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
4	4.8	145	0.0100	0.5		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
14	4.2	720	Total			

Summary for Reach DP1: Bordering Vegetated Wetlands

Inflow Are	a =	17.342 ac,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 4	4.30" for	100-Year event
Inflow	=	71.1 cfs @	12.17 hrs, Volume=	6.22 af		
Outflow	=	71.1 cfs @	12.17 hrs. Volume=	6.22 af.	Atten= 0%	. Lag= 0.0 min

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Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach DP2: Stream

Inflow Area = 16.551 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.30" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 46.6 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 5.93 af

Outflow = 46.6 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 5.93 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Summary for Reach DP3: Southern Abutters

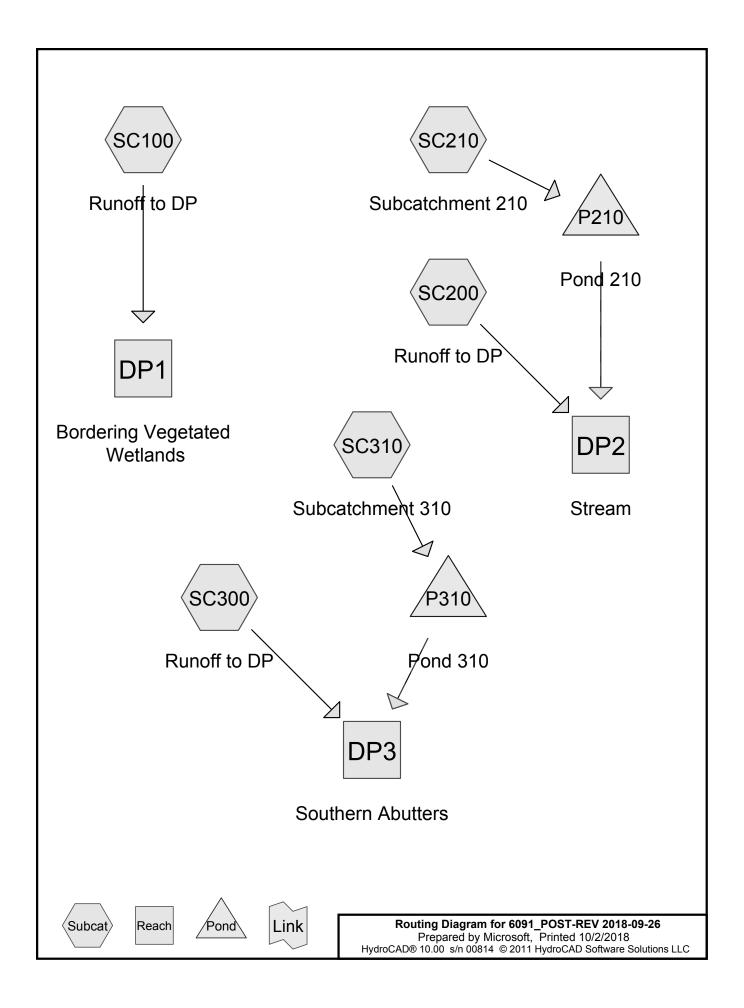
Inflow Area = 5.098 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.66" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 11.6 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 1.13 af

Outflow = 11.6 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 1.13 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

PROPOSED CONDITIONS WATERSHED ROUTING DIAGRAM



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Summary for Subcatchment SC100: Runoff to DP

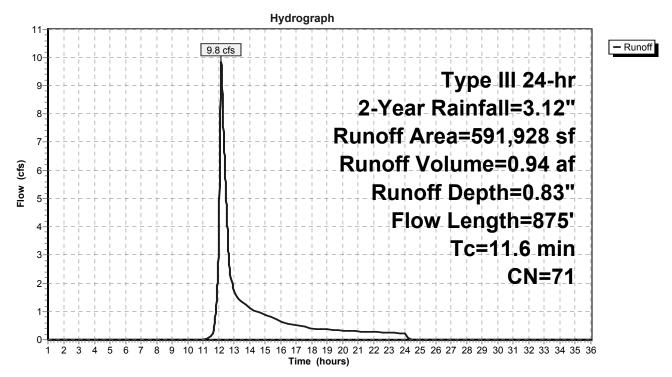
Runoff = 9.8 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 0.94 af, Depth= 0.83"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		10,167	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	2	74,355	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
*	2	97,729	71	Proposed N	/leadow, no	n-grazed, HSG C
*		7,085	89	Proposed C		
*		2,592	98	Proposed C	Conc. Pad	
	5	91,928	71	Weighted A	verage	-
	5	89,336		99.56% Per	rvious Area	
		2,592		0.44% Impe	ervious Area	a
	Tc	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	6.2	50	0.120	0 0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
						Grass: Bermuda n= 0.410 P2= 3.12"
	2.2	470	0.250	0 3.5		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	1.6	245	0.250	0 2.5		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.6	110	0.050	0 1.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	11 6	875	Total			

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Subcatchment SC100: Runoff to DP



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Summary for Subcatchment SC200: Runoff to DP

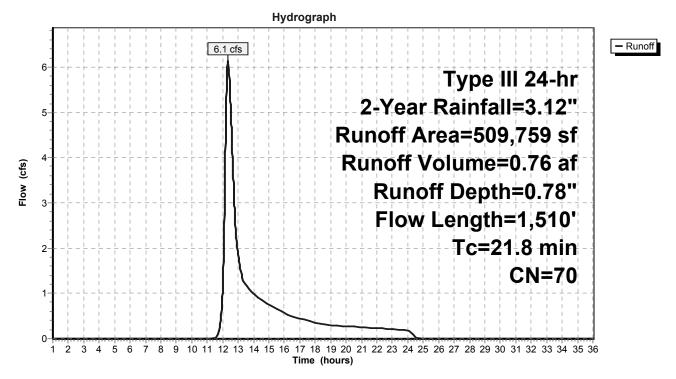
Runoff = 6.1 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 0.76 af, Depth= 0.78"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [Description					
		14,443	30 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG A				
	2	58,670			od, HSG C				
		23,378	77 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG D				
*	2	09,613	71 F	Proposed N	leadow, no	n-grazed, HSG C			
*	* 3,655 89 Proposed Gravel roads, HSG C								
	5	09,759	70 \	Neighted A	verage				
	5	09,759	•	100.00% P	ervious Are	a			
	Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	8.2	50	0.0600	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow			
						Grass: Bermuda n= 0.410 P2= 3.12"			
	4.3	630	0.1200	2.4		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)			
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	1.7	190	0.0700	1.9		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)			
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	4.0	315	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)			
		4.50	0.4000			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	1.4	150	0.1300	1.8		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (D)			
	0.0	475	0.0700	4.0		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	2.2	175	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (E)			
_	04.0	4.540	T ()			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	21.8	1,510	Total						

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Subcatchment SC200: Runoff to DP



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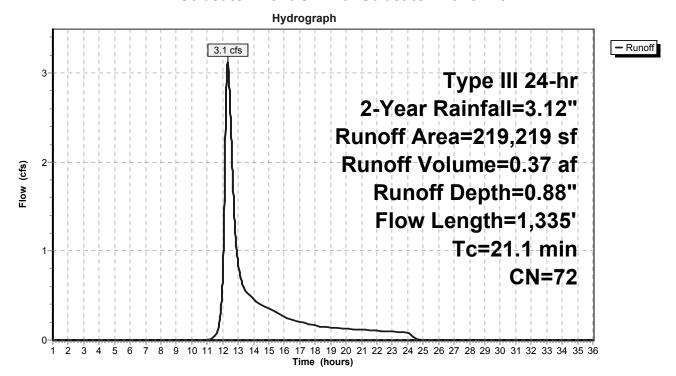
Summary for Subcatchment SC210: Subcatchment 210

Runoff = 3.1 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 0.37 af, Depth= 0.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description									
		8,406	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C								
		48,590	74	•	5% Grass cover, Good, HSG C								
*	1	52,258	71	Proposed N	leadow, no	n-grazed, HSG C							
*		9,965	89	Proposed C	Fravel roads	s, HSG C							
	219,219 72			Weighted A	verage								
	2	19,219		100.00% Pervious Area									
	Тс	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description							
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)								
	5.7	50	0.0200	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow							
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"							
	9.3	555	0.0200	1.0		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)							
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps							
	0.5	20	0.0200	0.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)							
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps							
	5.6	710	0.0900	2.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)							
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps							
	21.1	1,335	Total										

Subcatchment SC210: Subcatchment 210



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Summary for Subcatchment SC300: Runoff to DP

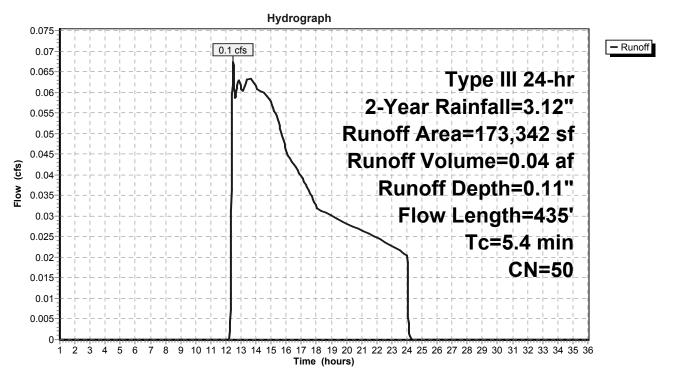
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 0.04 af, Depth= 0.11"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description								
		69,181	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A							
		35,738	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B							
		32,088	70	Woods, Good, HSG C								
*		3,139	30	Proposed N	oposed Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A							
*	33,196 71 Proposed Meadow, nor					n-grazed, HSG c						
	1	73,342	50	Weighted A	verage							
	1	73,342		100.00% P	ervious Are	a						
	Тс	Length	Slop		Capacity	Description						
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/f1	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)							
	2.8	50	0.119	0 0.3		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow						
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"						
	0.6	85	0.109	0 2.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)						
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps						
	1.5	200	0.200	0 2.2		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)						
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps						
	0.5	100	0.445	0 3.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)						
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps						
	5.4	435	Total									

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Subcatchment SC300: Runoff to DP



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Summary for Subcatchment SC310: Subcatchment 310

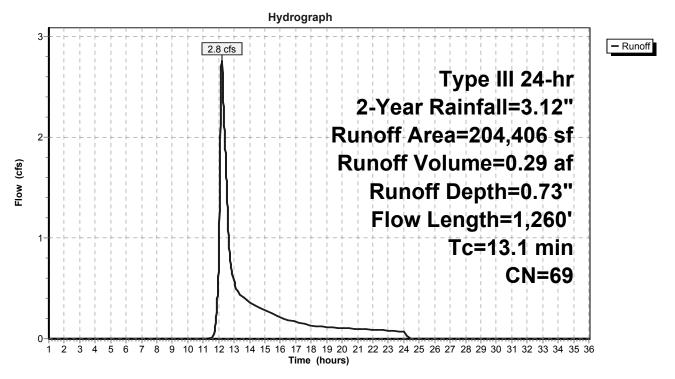
Runoff = 2.8 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 0.29 af, Depth= 0.73"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.12"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
_		2,723	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	
*		9,697	30 F	roposed N	leadow, no	n-grazed, HSG A
*	1	91,986	71 F	roposed N	leadow, no	n-grazed, HSG c
	204,406 69 Weighted Average					
		04,406			ervious Are	a
		•				
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	4.1	50	0.0443	0.2		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
	1.1	130	0.0756	1.9		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.2	15	0.0560	1.2		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.5	90	0.0400	3.2		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	1.6	275	0.1730	2.9		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (D)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	5.6	700	0.0900	2.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (E)
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	13.1	1,260	Total			

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Subcatchment SC310: Subcatchment 310



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Summary for Reach DP1: Bordering Vegetated Wetlands

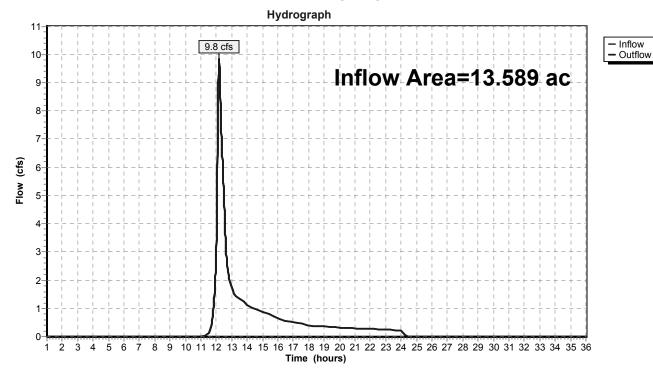
Inflow Area = 13.589 ac, 0.44% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.83" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 9.8 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 0.94 af

Outflow = 9.8 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 0.94 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach DP1: Bordering Vegetated Wetlands



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Summary for Reach DP2: Stream

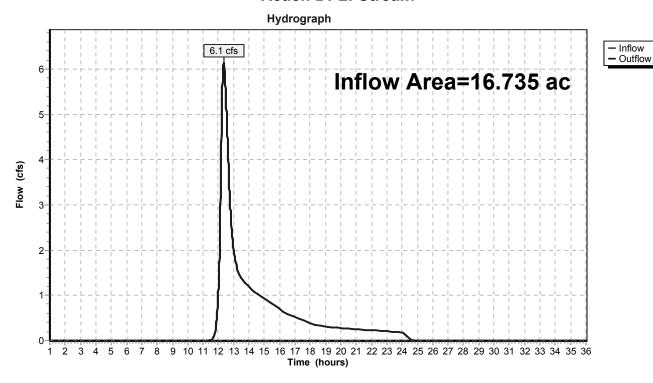
Inflow Area = 16.735 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.59" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 6.1 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 0.83 af

Outflow = 6.1 cfs @ 12.34 hrs, Volume= 0.83 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach DP2: Stream



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Summary for Reach DP3: Southern Abutters

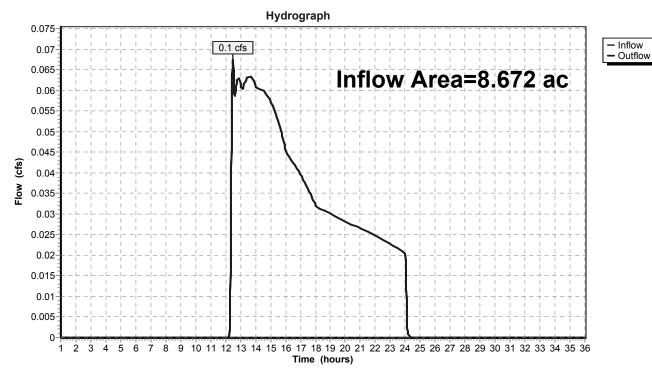
Inflow Area = 8.672 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.05" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 0.04 af

Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 0.04 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach DP3: Southern Abutters



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Summary for Pond P210: Pond 210

Inflow Area = 5.033 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.88" for 2-Year event Inflow 3.1 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 0.37 af Outflow 0.5 cfs @ 13.81 hrs, Volume= 0.37 af, Atten= 84%, Lag= 89.5 min 0.3 cfs @ 13.81 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 0.31 af 0.2 cfs @ 13.81 hrs, Volume= Primary 0.06 af Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 594.53' @ 13.81 hrs Surf.Area= 12,485 sf Storage= 6,367 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 178.0 min calculated for 0.37 af (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 177.9 min (1,062.4 - 884.5)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage	Storage Description	1			
#1	594.00'	60,8	19 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc)				
Elevation (fee		f.Area F (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)		
594.0	00 1	1,716	490.0	0	0	11,716		
596.0	00 1	4,767	527.0	26,424	26,424	14,878		
598.1	10 1	8,045	564.0	34,395	60,819	18,289		
#1 Discarded 59		Invert 594.00' 589.00'	1.02	Outlet Devices .020 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area 2.0" Round Culvert				
	#2 Filliary C		L= 80.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 589.00' / 580.00' S= 0.1125 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 0.79 sf					
#3	Device 2	594.25'		Vert. Orifice C= 0.				
#4	Device 2	595.00'		Vert. Orifice C= 0.				
#5	Device 2	597.00'				eir flow at low heads		
#6	Secondary	597.10'	Hea	' long x 10.0' bread d (feet) 0.20 0.40 0 f. (English) 2.49 2.5	.60 0.80 1.00 1.2	0 1.40 1.60		

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 13.81 hrs HW=594.53' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 13.81 hrs HW=594.53' (Free Discharge)

-2=Culvert (Passes 0.2 cfs of 8.5 cfs potential flow)

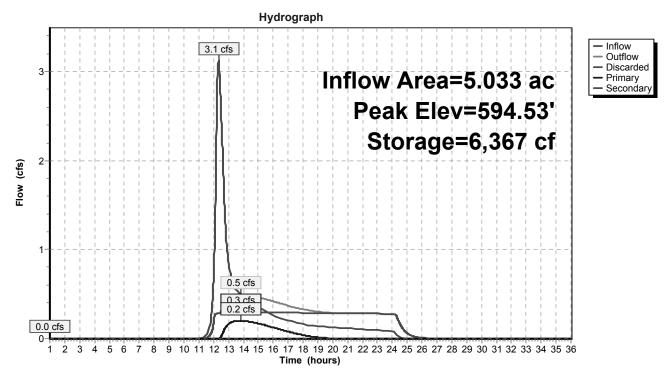
3=Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.2 cfs @ 1.8 fps)

-4=Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs) **5=Grate** (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=594.00' (Free Discharge) —6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

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Pond P210: Pond 210



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Summary for Pond P310: Pond 310

Inflow Area = 4.693 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.73" for 2-Year event Inflow 2.8 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 0.29 af Outflow 0.3 cfs @ 14.90 hrs, Volume= 0.29 af, Atten= 90%, Lag= 161.8 min Discarded = 0.3 cfs @ 14.90 hrs, Volume= 0.29 af 1.00 hrs, Volume= Primary 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 af Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 564.48' @ 14.90 hrs Surf.Area= 11,191 sf Storage= 5,202 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 202.7 min calculated for 0.29 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 202.7 min (1,090.6 - 888.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage	Storage Description	า				
#1	564.00'	56,9	80 cf	Custom Stage Dat	ta (Irregular)Listed	below (Recalc)			
Elevation	on Sur	f.Area F	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area			
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)			
564.0	00 1	0,395	482.0	0	0	10,395			
566.0	00 1	3,889	579.0	24,200	24,200	18,653			
568.0	00 1	9,026	748.0	32,781	56,980	36,549			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	et Devices					
#1	1 Discarded 564		1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area						
#2	Primary	559.00'	12.0	' Round Culvert					
			L= 8	L= 80.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900					
			Inlet	Inlet / Outlet Invert= 559.00' / 548.00' S= 0.1375 '/' Cc= 0.900					
			n= 0	.013 Corrugated PE	E, smooth interior,	Flow Area= 0.79 sf			
#3	Device 2	566.00'	6.0"	Vert. Orifice C= 0.	.600				
#4	Device 2	566.90'	12.0	" Horiz. Grate C= 0	0.600 Limited to v	veir flow at low heads			
#5	Secondary	567.00'		long x 12.0' bread					
				d (feet) 0.20 0.40 0					
			Coet	f. (English) 2.57 2.6	62 2.70 2.67 2.66	2.67 2.66 2.64			

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 14.90 hrs HW=564.48' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=564.00' (Free Discharge) **-2=Culvert** (Passes 0.0 cfs of 6.3 cfs potential flow)

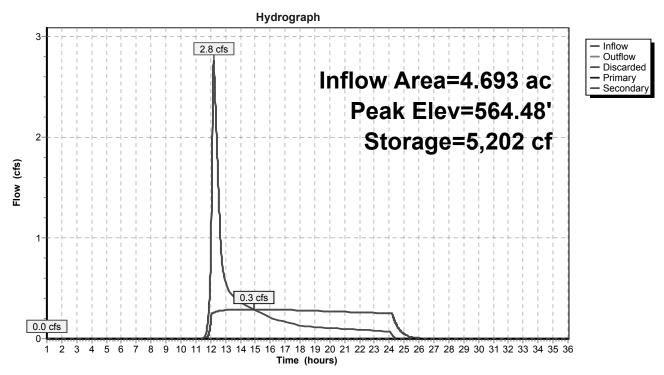
-3=Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

-4=Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=564.00' (Free Discharge) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

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Pond P310: Pond 310



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Summary for Subcatchment SC100: Runoff to DP

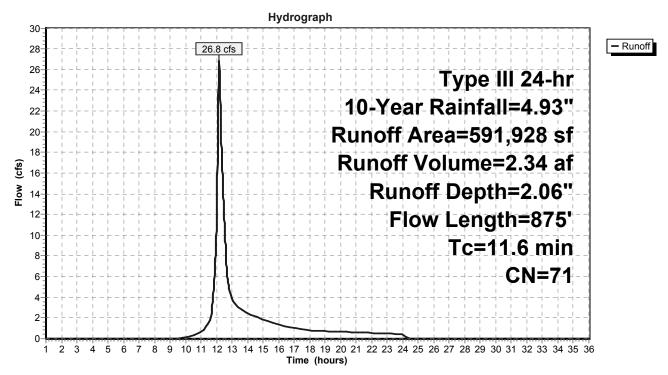
Runoff = 26.8 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 2.34 af, Depth= 2.06"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.93"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description	l	
		10,167	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	2	74,355	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
*	2	97,729	71	Proposed N	/leadow, no	n-grazed, HSG C
*		7,085	89	Proposed C		
*		2,592	98	Proposed C	Conc. Pad	
	5	91,928	71	Weighted A	verage	
	5	89,336		99.56% Per	rvious Area	
		2,592		0.44% Impe	ervious Area	a
	Tc	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/f	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	6.2	50	0.120	0 0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
						Grass: Bermuda n= 0.410 P2= 3.12"
	2.2	470	0.250	0 3.5		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	1.6	245	0.250	0 2.5		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.6	110	0.050	0 1.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	116	875	Total			

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Subcatchment SC100: Runoff to DP



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Summary for Subcatchment SC200: Runoff to DP

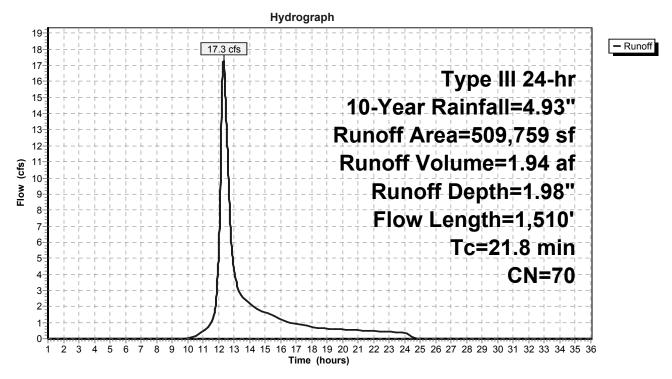
Runoff = 17.3 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 1.94 af, Depth= 1.98"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.93"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
		14,443	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A				
	2	258,670	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C				
		23,378	77	Woods, Go	od, HSG D				
*	2	09,613				n-grazed, HSG C			
*	* 3,655 89 Proposed Gravel roads, HSG C								
	5	09,759	70	Weighted A	verage				
	5	09,759		100.00% P	ervious Are	a			
	_				_				
	Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)		(cfs)				
	8.2	50	0.0600	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow			
						Grass: Bermuda n= 0.410 P2= 3.12"			
	4.3	630	0.1200	2.4		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)			
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	1.7	190	0.0700	1.9		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)			
	4.0	0.45				Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	4.0	315	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)			
		450	0.4000			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	1.4	150	0.1300	1.8		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (D)			
	0.0	475	0.0700			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	2.2	175	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (E)			
_	0.1.6	4 = 4 0				Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	21.8	1,510	Total						

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Subcatchment SC200: Runoff to DP



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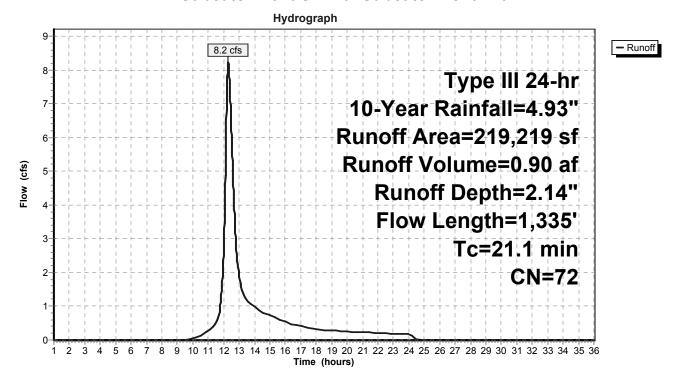
Summary for Subcatchment SC210: Subcatchment 210

Runoff = 8.2 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 0.90 af, Depth= 2.14"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.93"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
		8,406	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C				
	48,590 74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C								
*	1	52,258	71	Proposed M	leadow, no	n-grazed, HSG C			
*		9,965	89	Proposed G	Fravel roads	s, HSG C			
	219,219 72			Weighted A	verage				
		19,219		100.00% Pervious Area					
	Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	5.7	50	0.020	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"			
	9.3	555	0.020	1.0		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)			
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	0.5	20	0.020	0.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	5.6	710	0.090	2.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)			
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	21.1	1,335	Total						

Subcatchment SC210: Subcatchment 210



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Summary for Subcatchment SC300: Runoff to DP

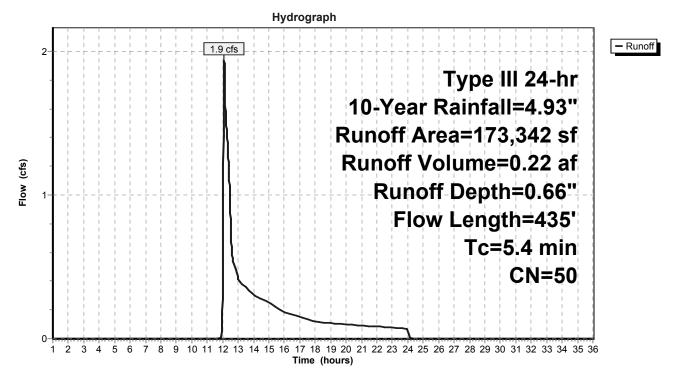
Runoff = 1.9 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.22 af, Depth= 0.66"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.93"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description							
		69,181	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	-					
		35,738	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B						
		32,088	70	O Woods, Good, HSG C							
*		3,139				n-grazed, HSG A					
*	33,196 71 Proposed Meadow, non					on-grazed, HSG c					
	1	73,342	50	Weighted A	verage						
	1	73,342	100.00% Pervious Area								
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)) (ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	2.8	50	0.1190	0.3		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow					
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"					
	0.6	85	0.1090	2.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)					
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
	1.5	200	0.2000	2.2		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)					
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
	0.5	100	0.4450	3.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)					
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
	5.4	435	Total								

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Subcatchment SC300: Runoff to DP



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Summary for Subcatchment SC310: Subcatchment 310

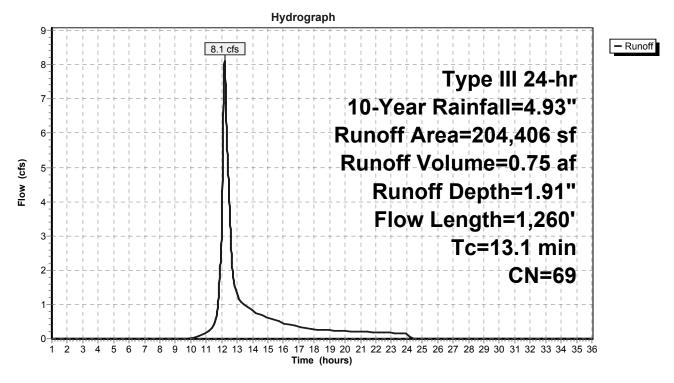
Runoff = 8.1 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 0.75 af, Depth= 1.91"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.93"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
		2,723	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	
*		9,697	30 P	roposed M	leadow, no	on-grazed, HSG A
*	1	91,986	71 P	roposed M	leadow, no	on-grazed, HSG c
_	204,406 69 Weighted Average					
		04,406		_	ervious Are	a
		•				
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	4.1	50	0.0443	0.2		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
	1.1	130	0.0756	1.9		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.2	15	0.0560	1.2		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.5	90	0.0400	3.2		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps
	1.6	275	0.1730	2.9		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (D)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	5.6	700	0.0900	2.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (E)
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	13.1	1,260	Total			

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Subcatchment SC310: Subcatchment 310



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Summary for Reach DP1: Bordering Vegetated Wetlands

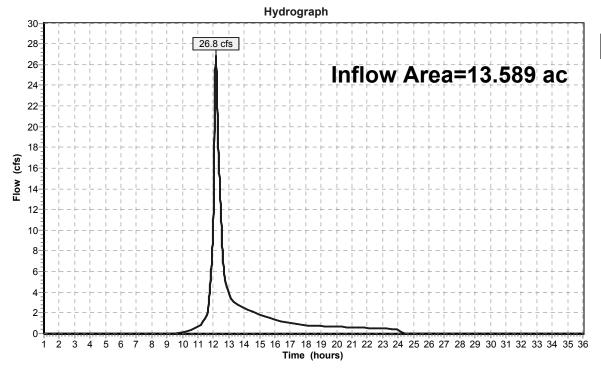
Inflow Area = 13.589 ac, 0.44% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.06" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 26.8 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 2.34 af

Outflow = 26.8 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 2.34 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach DP1: Bordering Vegetated Wetlands





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Summary for Reach DP2: Stream

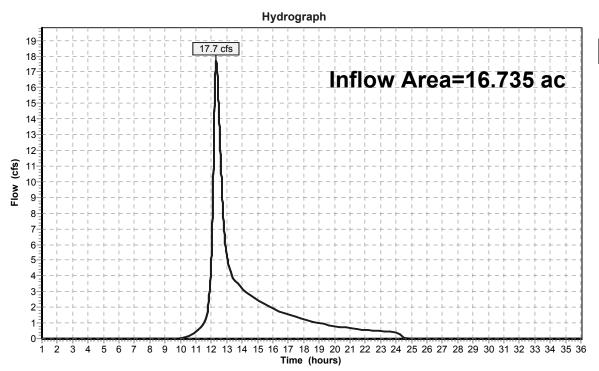
Inflow Area = 16.735 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.73" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 17.7 cfs @ 12.33 hrs, Volume= 2.41 af

Outflow = 17.7 cfs @ 12.33 hrs, Volume= 2.41 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach DP2: Stream





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Summary for Reach DP3: Southern Abutters

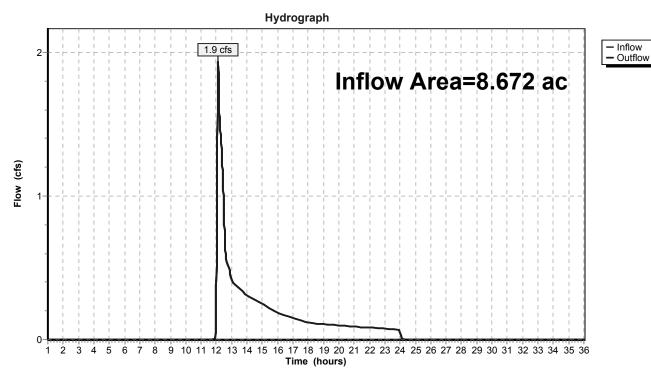
Inflow Area = 8.672 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.30" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.22 af

Outflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.22 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach DP3: Southern Abutters



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Summary for Pond P210: Pond 210

Inflow Area = 5.033 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.14" for 10-Year event Inflow 8.2 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 0.90 af Outflow 1.4 cfs @ 13.22 hrs, Volume= 0.90 af, Atten= 83%, Lag= 54.8 min 0.3 cfs @ 13.22 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 0.43 af 1.1 cfs @ 13.22 hrs, Volume= Primary 0.47 af Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 595.32' @ 13.22 hrs Surf.Area= 13,691 sf Storage= 16,758 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 192.2 min calculated for 0.90 af (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 192.2 min (1,049.5 - 857.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage	Storage Description	1			
#1	594.00'	60,8	19 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc)				
Elevation (fee		f.Area F (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)		
594.0	00 1	1,716	490.0	0	0	11,716		
596.0	00 1	4,767	527.0	26,424	26,424	14,878		
598.1	10 1	8,045	564.0	34,395	60,819	18,289		
#1 Discarded 59		Invert 594.00' 589.00'	1.02	Outlet Devices .020 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area 2.0" Round Culvert				
	#2 Filliary C		L= 80.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 589.00' / 580.00' S= 0.1125 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 0.79 sf					
#3	Device 2	594.25'		Vert. Orifice C= 0.				
#4	Device 2	595.00'		Vert. Orifice C= 0.				
#5	Device 2	597.00'				eir flow at low heads		
#6	Secondary	597.10'	Hea	' long x 10.0' bread d (feet) 0.20 0.40 0 f. (English) 2.49 2.5	.60 0.80 1.00 1.2	0 1.40 1.60		

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 13.22 hrs HW=595.32' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.1 cfs @ 13.22 hrs HW=595.32' (Free Discharge)

-2=Culvert (Passes 1.1 cfs of 9.1 cfs potential flow)

3=Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.9 cfs @ 4.4 fps)

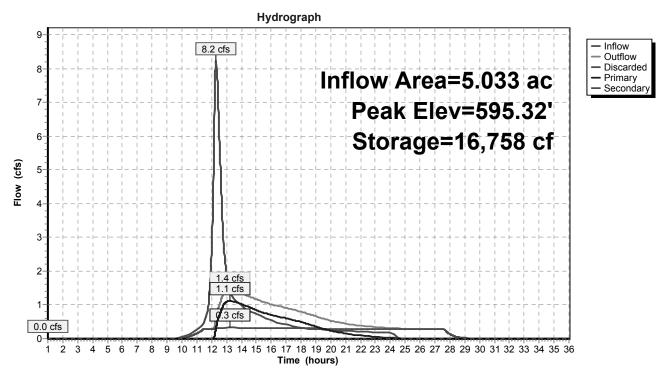
-4=Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.3 cfs @ 1.9 fps)

5=Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=594.00' (Free Discharge) 6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

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Pond P210: Pond 210



Prepared by Microsoft

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Summary for Pond P310: Pond 310

Inflow Area =	4.693 ac,	0.00% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.91 "	for 10-Year event
Inflow =	8.1 cfs @	12.19 hrs, Volume=	0.75 af	
Outflow =	0.4 cfs @	16.37 hrs, Volume=	0.71 af, Atten	= 95%, Lag= 250.8 min
Discarded =	0.4 cfs @	16.37 hrs, Volume=	0.71 af	
Primary =	0.0 cfs @	1.00 hrs, Volume=	0.00 af	
Secondary =	0.0 cfs @	1.00 hrs, Volume=	0.00 af	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 565.63' @ 16.37 hrs Surf.Area= 13,207 sf Storage= 19,205 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 543.1 min calculated for 0.71 af (95% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 516.9 min (1,374.5 - 857.6)

Volume	Invert	ıvert Avail.Storaç		je Storage Description					
#1 564.00' 56,980		6,980 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc)						
Elevation	on St	ırf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area			
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)			
564.0	00	10,395	482.0	0	0	10,395			
566.0	00	13,889	579.0	24,200	24,200	18,653			
•		748.0	32,781	56,980	36,549				
Device	Routing	Inve	ert Outle	et Devices					
#1	#1 Discarded 564.0		0' 1.02	1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area					
#2	#2 Primary 559.00'		0' 12.0 '	12.0" Round Culvert					
	·		L= 8	L= 80.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900					
		Inlet	Inlet / Outlet Invert= 559.00' / 548.00' S= 0.1375 '/' Cc= 0.900						
		n= 0	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf						
#3 Device 2 566.0		0' 6.0"	6.0" Vert. Orifice C= 0.600						
#4	#4 Device 2 5		0' 12.0 '	12.0" Horiz. Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low head					
			20.0' long x 12.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir						
				d (feet) 0.20 0.40					
			Coet	r. (Engiisn) 2.57 2.	.62 2.70 2.67 2.6	66 2.67 2.66 2.64			

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.4 cfs @ 16.37 hrs HW=565.63' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.4 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=564.00' (Free Discharge)

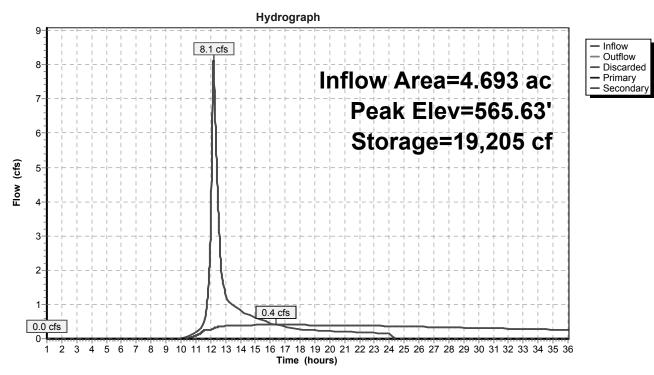
2=Culvert (Passes 0.0 cfs of 6.3 cfs potential flow) **3=Orifice** (Controls 0.0 cfs)

-4=Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=564.00' (Free Discharge) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

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Pond P310: Pond 310



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Summary for Subcatchment SC100: Runoff to DP

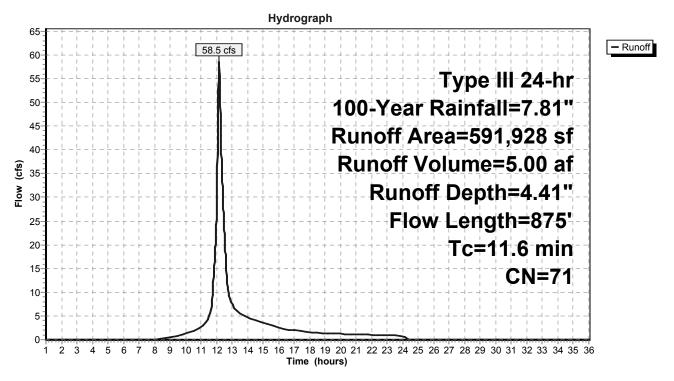
Runoff = 58.5 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 5.00 af, Depth= 4.41"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.81"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
		10,167	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B			
	2	74,355	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C			
*	2	97,729	71	Proposed M	leadow, no	n-grazed, HSG C		
*		7,085	89	Proposed Gravel roads, HSG C				
*		2,592	98	Proposed Conc. Pad				
	5	91,928	71	Weighted A	verage			
	5	89,336		99.56% Per	vious Area			
		2,592		0.44% Impe	ervious Area	a		
	Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description		
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)			
	6.2	50	0.120	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow		
						Grass: Bermuda n= 0.410 P2= 3.12"		
	2.2	470	0.250	3.5		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)		
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps		
	1.6	245	0.250	2.5		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)		
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
	1.6	110	0.0500	1.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)		
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
	11.6	875	Total					

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Subcatchment SC100: Runoff to DP



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Summary for Subcatchment SC200: Runoff to DP

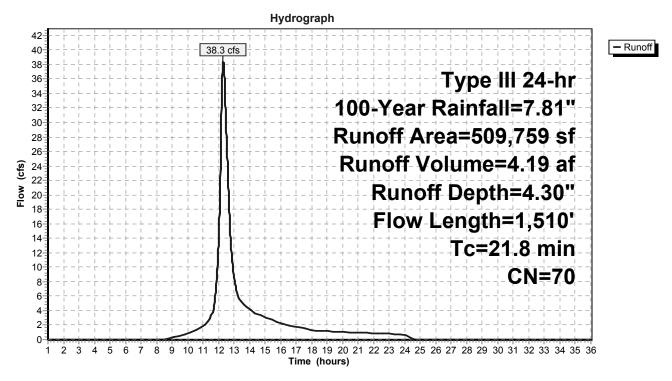
Runoff = 38.3 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 4.19 af, Depth= 4.30"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.81"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
		14,443	30 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG A	
	2	58,670	70 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG C	
		23,378	77 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG D	
*	2	09,613				on-grazed, HSG C
*		3,655	89 I	Proposed C	Gravel roads	s, HSG C
		09,759		Neighted A		
	5	09,759	•	100.00% P	ervious Are	a
	т.	1 41-	01	\	0	Description
	Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	8.2	50	0.0600	0.1		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
						Grass: Bermuda
	4.3	630	0.1200	2.4		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	1.7	190	0.0700	1.9		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	4.0	315	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.4	150	0.1300	1.8		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (D)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	2.2	175	0.0700	1.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (E)
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	21.8	1,510	Total			

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Subcatchment SC200: Runoff to DP



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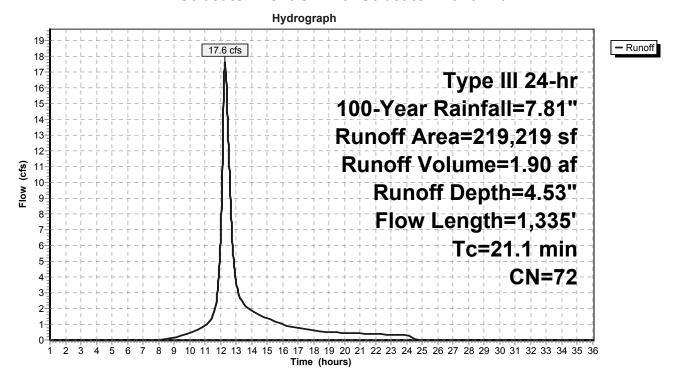
Summary for Subcatchment SC210: Subcatchment 210

Runoff = 17.6 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 1.90 af, Depth= 4.53"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.81"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
8,406 70 Woods, Good, HSG C					od, HSG C	
48,590 74 >75% Grass cover, Good					s cover, Go	od, HSG C
*	* 152,258 71 Proposed Meadow, non-grazed, HSG C					n-grazed, HSG C
*		9,965	89	Proposed C	Gravel roads	s, HSG C
	2	19,219	72	Weighted A	verage	
	2	19,219		100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	•	Capacity (cfs)	Description
_	5.7	50	0.020	, , ,	(0.0)	Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
	0.7	00	0.020	0.1		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
	9.3	555	0.020	1.0		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.5	20	0.020	0.7		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	5.6	710	0.090	2.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	21.1	1,335	Total			

Subcatchment SC210: Subcatchment 210



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Summary for Subcatchment SC300: Runoff to DP

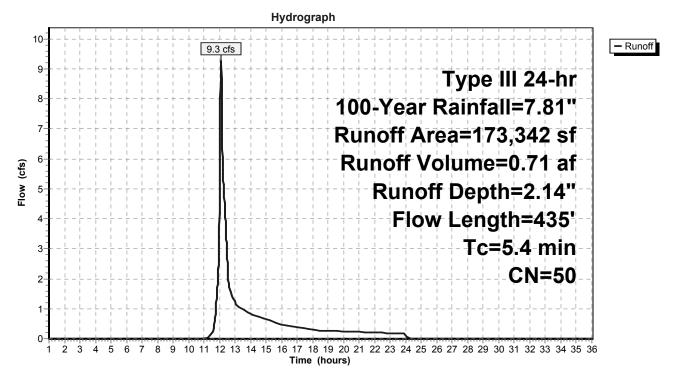
Runoff = 9.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.71 af, Depth= 2.14"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.81"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		69,181	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
		35,738	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
		32,088	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
*		3,139	30	Proposed N	/leadow, no	n-grazed, HSG A
*		33,196	71	Proposed N	/leadow, no	n-grazed, HSG c
	1	73,342	50	Weighted A	verage	
	1	73,342		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
	Тс	Length	Slop	•	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	2.8	50	0.119	0.3		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"
	0.6	85	0.109	0 2.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	1.5	200	0.200	0 2.2		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.5	100	0.445	0 3.3		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	5.4	435	Total			

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Subcatchment SC300: Runoff to DP



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Summary for Subcatchment SC310: Subcatchment 310

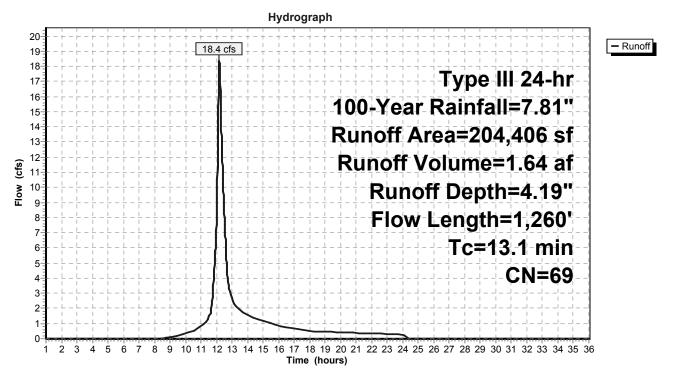
Runoff = 18.4 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 1.64 af, Depth= 4.19"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.81"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription					
		2,723	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C				
*		9,697 30 Proposed Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A							
*	1	91,986	71 P	roposed M	leadow, no	on-grazed, HSG c			
_	2	04,406	69 V	Veighted A	verage				
		04,406			ervious Are	a			
		,							
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·			
	4.1	50	0.0443	0.2		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.12"			
	1.1	130	0.0756	1.9		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (A)			
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	0.2	15	0.0560	1.2		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (B)			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	0.5	90	0.0400	3.2		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (C)			
						Unpaved Kv= 16.1 fps			
	1.6	275	0.1730	2.9		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (D)			
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	5.6	700	0.0900	2.1		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated Flow (E)			
_						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	13.1	1,260	Total						

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Subcatchment SC310: Subcatchment 310



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Summary for Reach DP1: Bordering Vegetated Wetlands

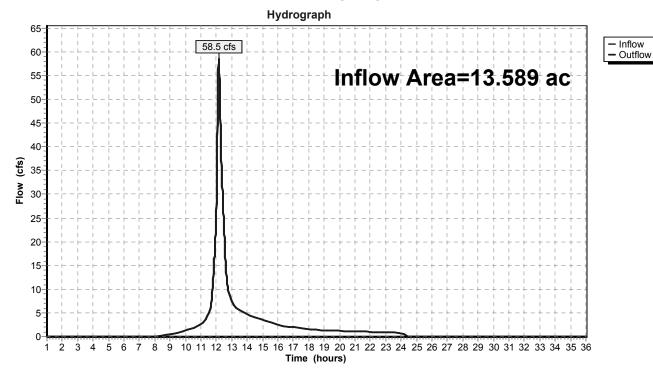
Inflow Area = 13.589 ac, 0.44% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.41" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 58.5 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 5.00 af

Outflow = 58.5 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 5.00 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach DP1: Bordering Vegetated Wetlands



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Inflow

Outflow

Summary for Reach DP2: Stream

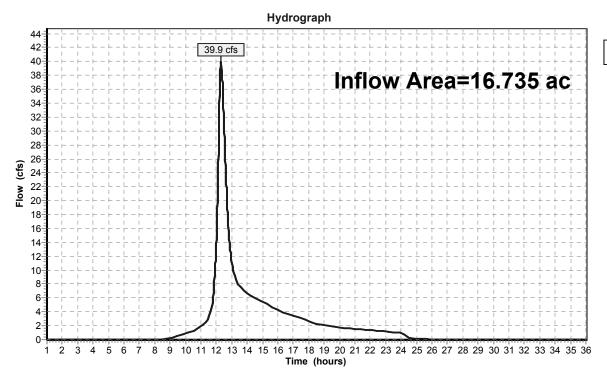
Inflow Area = 16.735 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.98" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 39.9 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 5.55 af

Outflow = 39.9 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 5.55 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach DP2: Stream



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Summary for Reach DP3: Southern Abutters

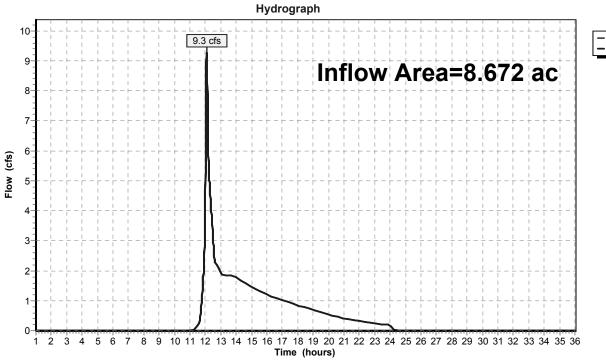
Inflow Area = 8.672 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.62" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 9.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1.17 af

Outflow = 9.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1.17 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach DP3: Southern Abutters





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Summary for Pond P210: Pond 210

Inflow Area = 5.033 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.53" for 100-Year event Inflow 17.6 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 1.90 af Outflow 3.0 cfs @ 13.16 hrs, Volume= 1.90 af, Atten= 83%, Lag= 52.1 min Discarded = 0.4 cfs @ 13.16 hrs, Volume= 0.54 af 2.6 cfs @ 13.16 hrs, Volume= Primary 1.36 af Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 596.76' @ 13.16 hrs Surf.Area= 15,914 sf Storage= 38,062 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 193.0 min calculated for 1.90 af (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 193.1 min (1,028.7 - 835.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	orage	Storage Descriptio	n			
#1	594.00'	60,8	19 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular)Listed	below (Recalc)		
Classatia		of A) a wi ma	In a Ctara	Cuma Chana	\\/at		
Elevation			Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area		
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)		
594.0	00	11,716	490.0	0	0	11,716		
596.0	00 ·	14,767	527.0	26,424	26,424	14,878		
598.1		18,045	564.0	34,395	60,819	18,289		
		,		,	,	,		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outl	et Devices				
#1	Discarded	594.00'	1.02	0 in/hr Exfiltration	over Wetted area			
#2	Primary	589.00'	12.0	" Round Culvert				
	,		L= 8	L= 80.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500				
					•	0.1125 '/' Cc= 0.900		
			n= 0	.013, Flow Area= 0	.79 sf			
#3	Device 2	594.25'		Vert. Orifice C= C				
#4	Device 2	595.00'		Vert. Orifice C= C				
#5	Device 2					veir flow at low heads		
#6	Secondary	597.10'				l Rectangular Weir		
			Hea	d (feet) 0.20 0.40 (0.60 0.80 1.00 1.2	20 1.40 1.60		
			Coe	f. (English) 2.49 2.5	56 2.70 2.69 2.68	2.69 2.67 2.64		

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.4 cfs @ 13.16 hrs HW=596.76' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.4 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=2.6 cfs @ 13.16 hrs HW=596.76' (Free Discharge)

-2=Culvert (Passes 2.6 cfs of 10.2 cfs potential flow) **-3=Orifice** (Orifice Controls 1.4 cfs @ 7.2 fps)

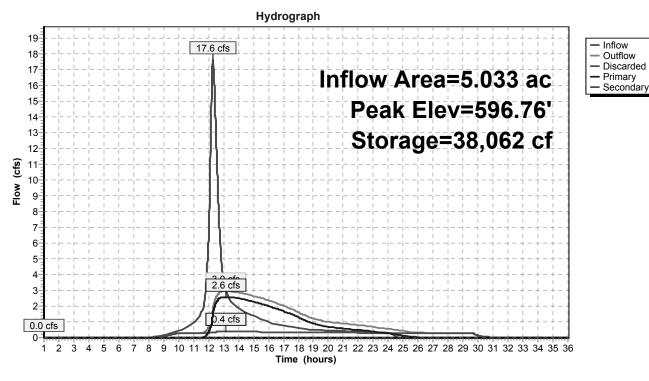
-4=Orifice (Orifice Controls 1.2 cfs @ 5.9 fps)

-5=Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=594.00' (Free Discharge) 6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

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Pond P210: Pond 210



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Summary for Pond P310: Pond 310

Inflow Area = 4.693 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.19" for 100-Year event Inflow 18.4 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 1.64 af Outflow 1.6 cfs @ 13.98 hrs, Volume= 1.43 af, Atten= 91%, Lag= 108.1 min Discarded = 0.6 cfs @ 13.98 hrs, Volume= 0.97 af Primary 1.0 cfs @ 13.98 hrs, Volume= 0.46 af Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 1.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 566.96' @ 13.98 hrs Surf.Area= 16,259 sf Storage= 38,685 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 431.9 min calculated for 1.43 af (87% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 374.3 min (1,208.8 - 834.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.S	torage	Storage Description	n	
#1	564.00'	56,	980 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular)Listed	below (Recalc)
Elevation	ın Su	rf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area
(fee		(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)
564.0		10,395	482.0	Ó	Ó	10,395
566.0	0	13,889	579.0	24,200	24,200	18,653
568.0	0	19,026	748.0	32,781	56,980	36,549
Device	Routing	Inver	t Outle	et Devices		
#1	Discarded	564.00	1.02	0 in/hr Exfiltration	over Wetted area	
#2	Primary	559.00	_	" Round Culvert		
				0.0' CPP, projectin	•	
						0.1375 '/' Cc= 0.900
"0		500.00		.013 Corrugated PE	•	Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#3	Device 2	566.00		Vert. Orifice C= 0		
#4	Device 2	566.90				veir flow at low heads
#5	Secondary	567.00	Head	' long x 12.0' brea d d (feet) 0.20 0.40 0 f. (English) 2.57 2.6	0.60 0.80 1.00 1.2	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.6 cfs @ 13.98 hrs HW=566.96' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.6 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.0 cfs @ 13.98 hrs HW=566.96' (Free Discharge)

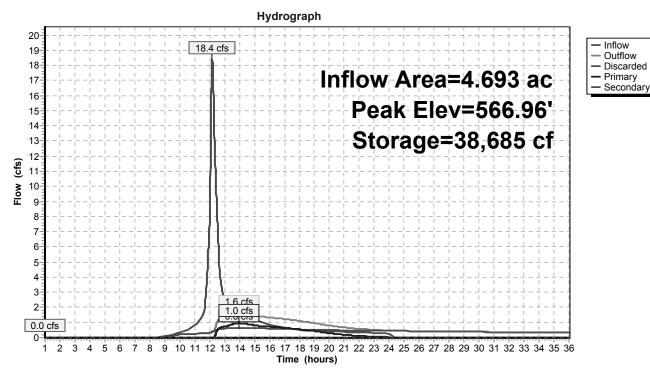
2=Culvert (Passes 1.0 cfs of 8.2 cfs potential flow) **3=Orifice** (Orifice Controls 0.8 cfs @ 4.1 fps)

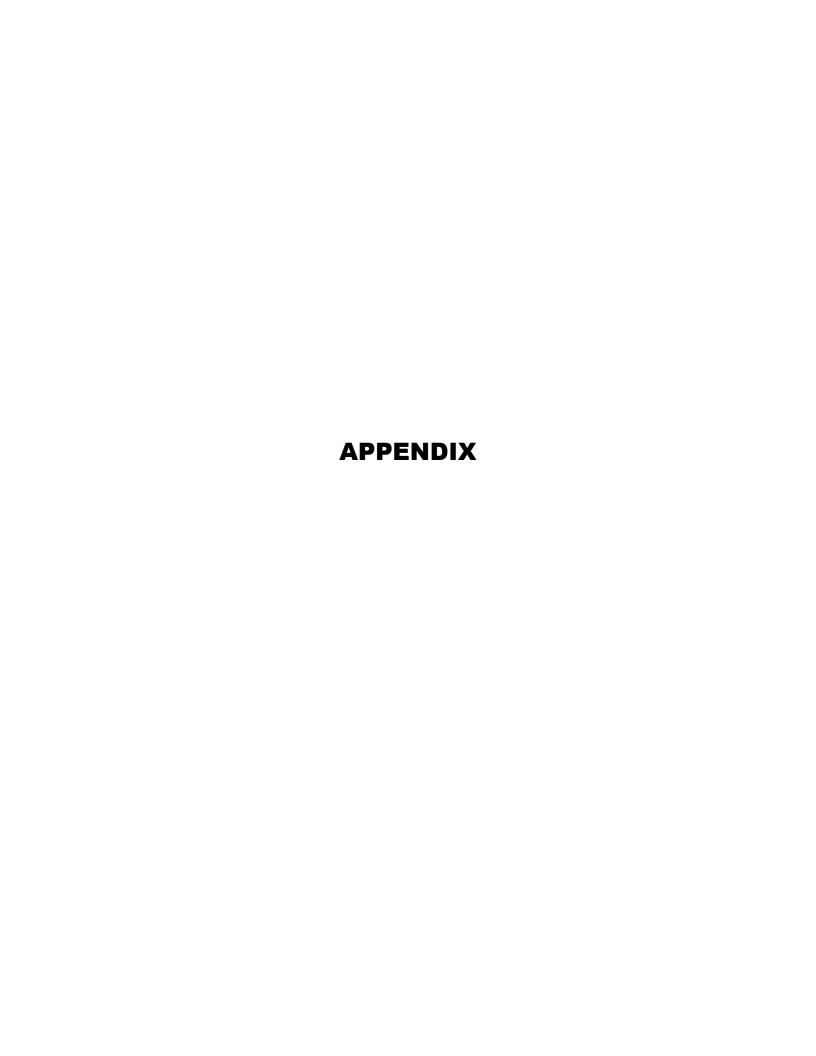
4=Grate (Weir Controls 0.2 cfs @ 0.8 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 1.00 hrs HW=564.00' (Free Discharge)
5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir(Controls 0.0 cfs)

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Pond P310: Pond 310





OPERATION & MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROGRAM for A PROPOSED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM located at 95 MAIN STREET WILLIAMSBURG, MASSACHUSETTS



Applicant:

ZPT Energy Solutions II, LLC 6 Park Avenue, Suite 100 Worcester, MA 01605

Prepared by:

Meridian Associates, Inc. 500 Cummings Center, Suite 5950 Beverly, Massachusetts 01915 (978) 299-0447

October 28, 2018

Project Name: ZPTII-222 SOLAR ARRAY

95 Main Street

Williamsburg, Massachusetts 01039

Owner Name: 95 Main Street:

Lawrence E. & Linda A. West

18 South Street

Williamsburg, Massachusetts

Party Responsible for Maintenance

During and After Construction: ZPT Energy Solutions II, LLC

6 Park Avenue, Suite 100 Worcester, MA 01605

Erosion and Sedimentation Control Measures during Construction Activities

Haybales/ Silt Fence/Silt Sock erosion control barriers

Staked haybales and silt fencing will be installed upgradient of the resource areas as depicted on the Erosion & Sediment Control Plan. The haybales and silt fence shall be installed prior to the commencement of any work on-site and in accordance with the design plans. An additional supply of haybales and silt fence shall be on-site to replace and/or repair any haybales or silt fence that have been disturbed or are in poor condition. The line of haybales and silt fence shall be inspected and maintained on a weekly basis and after every major storm event (0.5 inches of rain or greater) during construction. No construction activities are to occur beyond the haybale line at any time. Deposited sediments shall be removed when the volume of the deposition reaches approximately one-half the height of the hay bale.

Silt sock barrier locations are shown on the design plans and shall be installed at the intervals and locations along the slope as dimensioned on those plans. If, during construction, a barrier needs to be temporarily moved in order to allow construction in a specific area, the barrier shall be returned to its original location or as close to its original location as possible after the work is complete. These barriers shall be inspected at the same time intervals as the haybale barriers, and accumulated sediment shall be removed as needed to maintain proper functioning of the barrier. The means of creating new lengths of silt sock barrier shall be maintained on site during construction in order to replace damaged sections quickly as necessary.

Infiltration/Stormwater Basins

The Stormwater/Infiltration surface basins shall be checked weekly and after major storm events during construction for rilling, erosion, and debris removal. Avoid compaction of the parent material by working from the edge of the areas proposed as the locations of the Sedimentation Basins. Any uphill erosion control barriers shall be maintained so that runoff and sediment does not accumulate inside the basins, and allows vegetative cover to take hold. Care should be taken during regular inspections to remove any plants other than the recommended seed mix to avoid possible compromise of the interior side slopes. Any accumulated sediment shall be promptly removed.

Gravel Access Drive

During construction the gravel access drive and shall be inspected daily. The access drive shall be inspected for ruts, channelized drainage, gullying and sedimentation. Repairs to the drive shall be made with new clean stone, and shall be compacted into place. Large ruts may be filled with larger stone and set in place with dense grade material, then overlain by new crushed stone.

Stockpiles

All unused debris, soil, and other material shall be stockpiled in locations of relatively flat grades upgradient of the haybales. Stockpile side slopes shall not be greater than 2:1. All stockpiles shall be surrounded by a row of haybales. Surrounding haybales shall be inspected and maintained on a daily basis.

Surface Stabilization

The surface of all disturbed areas shall be stabilized during and after construction. Temporary measures shall be taken during construction to prevent erosion and siltation. All disturbed slopes will be stabilized with a permanent vegetative cover. Once the forested areas have been cleared and grubbed, the entire area will be tilled following the installation of the array; areas of exposed soils will be seeded with the "New England Conservation/Wildlife Mix" provided by New England Wetland Plants, Inc. This seed mix contains a variety of low-growing, low-maintenance fescues that will stabilize the ground surface.

Construction Tracking Pad

The construction tracking pad shall be installed at the designated entrance/exit north of the site as shown on the Erosion & Sediment Control plans to reduce the amount of sediment transported off site. The construction tracking pads shall be inspected weekly.

Removal of Sediment and Erosion Controls

At the completion of construction activities, when a permanent vegetative cover has been established on the site, and <u>only</u> after receiving approval from the Town of Williamsburg Conservation Commission, all physical sediment and erosion controls shall be removed from the site. The areas where the controls have been removed shall be seeded and stabilized immediately upon removal.

Long-Term Inspection and Maintenance Measures after Construction

Infiltration/Stormwater Basins

These basins should be inspected after the first several rainfall events or first few months after construction is complete, after all major storms (0.5 inches of rain or greater), and on regular bi-annual scheduled dates. Ponded water in the basin after several days often indicates that the bottom of the pond is clogged. At this point, material at the bottom of the pond shall be excavated to a minimum depth of 8 inches and replaced with sandy material to ensure infiltration. The area shall be re-seeded and monitored weekly until a new, permanent vegetative cover is established.

Erosion Control

Eroded sediments can adversely affect the performance of the stormwater management system. Any eroding or barren areas should be immediately re-compacted and re-vegetated.

Gravel Access Drive

The gravel access drive shall be inspected bi-annually <u>and</u> after every major storm event for ruts, channelized drainage, gullying and sedimentation. Repairs to the drive shall be made with new clean stone, and shall be compacted into place. Large ruts may be filled with larger stone and set in place with dense grade material, then overlain by new crushed stone. This access drive must be maintained in order to facilitate emergency vehicles moving through the site.

Debris and Litter Removal

Trash may collect in the BMP's, potentially causing clogging of the facilities. All debris and litter shall be removed when necessary, and after each storm event. Sediment and debris collected from vacuuming and/or sweeping should be disposed of at a permitted waste disposal facility. Avoid disposing of this material on site.

Grass Mowing

Grass shall be inspected annually and maintenance mowing shall occur as needed. All lawn mowing to take place will be done with a mulch mower so grass clippings will not be an

issue. Any grassed access paths and driveways shall be mowed and maintained as necessary to allow movement of vehicles throughout the site.

<u>Good Housekeeping Practices</u> (in accordance with Standard 10 of the Stormwater Management Handbook to prevent illicit discharges)

Provisions for storing paints, cleaners, automotive waste and other potentially hazardous household waste products inside or under cover

- All materials on site will be stored inside in a neat, orderly, manner in their appropriate containers with the original manufacturer's label.
- Only store enough material necessary. Whenever possible, all of a product shall be used up before disposing of container.
- Manufacturer, local, and State recommendations for proper use and disposal shall be followed.

Vehicle washing controls

- A commercial car wash shall be used when possible. Car washes treat and/or recycle water.
- Cars shall be washed on gravel, grass, or other permeable surfaces to allow filtration to occur.
- Use biodegradable soaps.
- A water hose with a nozzle that automatically turns off when left unattended.

Requirements for routine inspection and maintenance of stormwater BMPsSee Inspection and Maintenance Measures after Construction.

Spill prevention and response plans

Spill Control Practices shall be in conformance with the guidelines set forth in the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas

- Grass shall not be cut shorter than 2 to 3 inches and mulch clipping should be left on lawn as a natural fertilizer.
- Use low volume water approaches such as drip-type or sprinkler systems. Water plants only when needed to enhance root growth and avoid runoff problems.
- The use of mulch shall be utilized where possible. Mulch helps retain water and prevents erosion.

Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides and pesticides

• Fertilizers to be used will be applied only in the minimum amounts recommended by the manufacturer. Once applied, fertilizer will be worked into the soil to limit exposure to

storm water. Storage will be in a covered shed. The contents of any partially used bags of fertilizer will be transferred to a sealable plastic bin to avoid spills.

- Do not fertilize before a rainstorm.
- Consider using organic fertilizers. They release nutrients more slowly.
- Pesticides shall be applied on lawns and gardens only when necessary and applied only in the minimum amounts recommended by the manufacturer.

Pet waste management

• Scoop up and seal pet wastes in a plastic bag. Dispose of properly, in the garbage.

Provisions for operation and management of septic systems

Not Applicable

Provisions for solid waste management

• All solid waste shall be disposed of or recycled in accordance with local town regulations.

Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Resource Area

- Snow shall be plowed and stored on gravel, grass, or other permeable surfaces to allow filtration to occur.
- Once snow melts all sand salt and debris shall be extracted from surface and properly disposed of.
- Snow shall not be disposed of in any resource area or waterbody.
- Avoid disposing snow on top of storm drain catch basins or stormwater drainage swale.

Winter Road Salt and/or Sand use and storage restrictions

- Salt storage piles should be located outside the 100-year buffer zone and shall be covered at all times.
- The amount of road salt applied should be regulated to prevent over salting of roadways and increasing runoff concentrations. Alternative materials, such as sand or gravel, should be used in especially sensitive areas.

Roadway and Parking Lot sweeping schedule

- Pavement sweeping shall be conducted at a frequency of not less than once per year.
- Removal of any accumulated sand, grit, and debris from driveway after the snow melts shall be completed shortly after snow melts for the season.

Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL

Not Applicable

Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan

To be determined by the owner.

List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan

To be determined by the owner.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONSTRUCTION PHASE

INSPECTION SCHEDULE AND EVALUATION CHECKLIST

PROJECT LOCATION:	5 Hatfield Road, Williamsburg, Massachusetts	WEATHER:	
		_	

Inspection Date	Inspector	Area Inspected	Required Inspection Frequency if BMP	Comments	Recommendation	Follow-up Inspection Required (yes/no)
		Erosion Barriers	Weekly and After Major Storm Events			
		Construction Tracking Pads	Weekly and After Major Storm Events			
		Gravel Access Drive	Weekly and After Major Storm Events			
		Stormwater Basins and Outlets	Weekly and After Major Storm Events			
		Grassed Swales	Weekly and After Major Storm Events			
		Riprap Areas	Weekly and After Major Storm Events			

⁽¹⁾ Refer to the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook, Volume Two: Stormwater Technical Handbook (February 2008) for recommendations regarding frequency for inspection and maintenance of specific BMP's.

(2) Inspections to be conducted by a qualified professional such as an environmental scientist or civil engineer.

Limited or no use of sodium chloride salts, fertilizers or pesticides recommended.
Other notes: (Include deviations from: Con. Comm. Order of Conditions, PB Approval, Construction Sequence and Approved Plan
Stormwater Control Manager:

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT POST- CONSTRUCTION

INSPECTION SCHEDULE AND EVALUATION CHECKLIST

WEATHER:

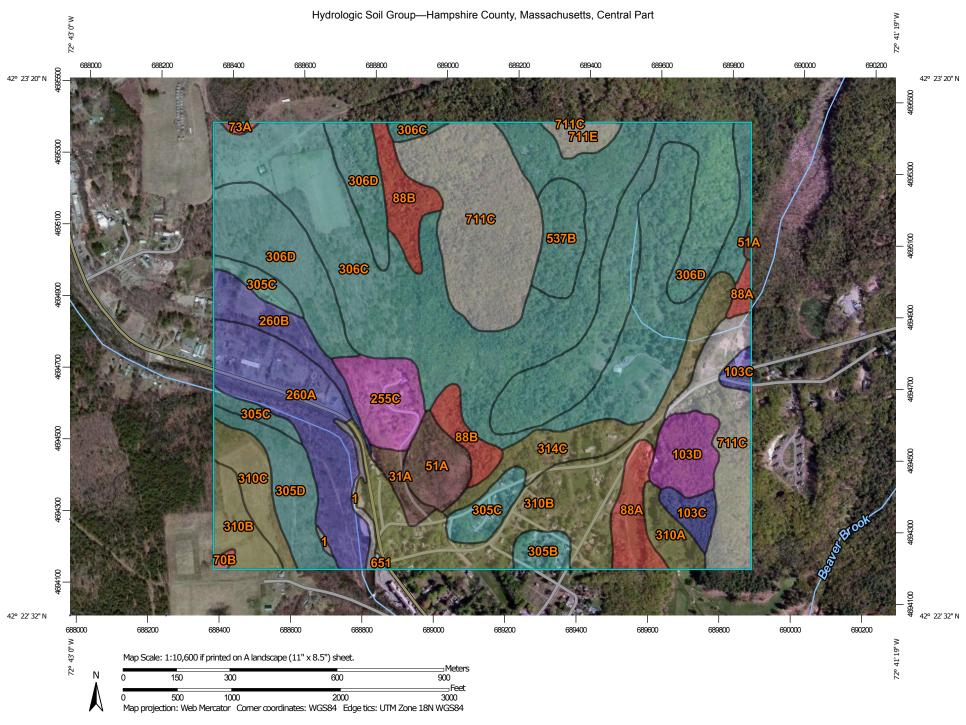
Inspection Date	Inspector	Area Inspected	Required Inspection Frequency if BMP	Comments	Recommendation	Follow-up Inspection Required (yes/no)
		Gravel Access Drive	Bi-annually and After Major Storm Event			
		Sedimentation Basins and Outlets	Bi-annually and After Major Storm Event			
		Grassed Swales	Bi-annually and After Major Storm Event			
		Riprap Areas	Bi-annually and After Major Storm Event			
					_	

(1)	Refer to the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook, Volume Two: Stormwater Technical Handbook (February 2008) for
	recommendations regarding frequency for inspection and maintenance of specific BMP's.
(2)	Inspections to be conducted by a qualified professional such as an environmental scientist or civil engineer.

Limited or no use of sodium chloride salts, fertilizers or pesticides recommended.
Other notes: (Include deviations from: Con. Comm. Order of Conditions, PB Approval, Construction Sequence and Approved Plan)
Stormwater Control Manager:

PROJECT LOCATION: 5 Hatfield Road, Williamsburg, Massachusetts

USDA NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION SERVICE NATIONAL COOPERATIVE SOIL SURVEY



MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) С 1:15.800. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map Soils D measurements. Soil Rating Polygons Not rated or not available Α Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: **Water Features** A/D Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Streams and Canals В Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator Transportation projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts B/D Rails --distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more Interstate Highways accurate calculations of distance or area are required. C/D **US Routes** This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as D Major Roads of the version date(s) listed below. Not rated or not available -Local Roads Soil Survey Area: Hampshire County, Massachusetts, Central Soil Rating Lines Part Background Survey Area Data: Version 12, Oct 6, 2017 Aerial Photography Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Mar 28, 2011—Mar B/D 27, 2012 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background C/D imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor D shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. Not rated or not available **Soil Rating Points** A/D B/D

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
1	Water		2.1	0.5%
31A	Walpole sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	B/D	3.4	0.7%
51A	Swansea muck, 0 to 1 percent slopes	B/D	8.9	1.9%
70B	Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	D	0.6	0.1%
73A	Whitman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, extremely stony	D	0.6	0.1%
88A	Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, very stony	D	9.6	2.1%
88B	Ridgebury fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	D	13.0	2.8%
103C	Charlton-Hollis-Rock outcrop complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	В	5.8	1.2%
103D	Charlton-Hollis- Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes	A	9.1	2.0%
255C	Windsor loamy sand, 8 to 15 percent slopes	A	11.7	2.5%
260A	Sudbury fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	В	29.3	6.3%
260B	Sudbury fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	В	9.1	1.9%
305B	Paxton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	С	4.0	0.9%
305C	Paxton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	С	12.1	2.6%
305D	Paxton fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	С	12.0	2.6%
306C	Paxton fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	С	124.4	26.7%
306D	Paxton fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony	С	68.4	14.7%

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
310A	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	C/D	5.4	1.2%
310B	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	C/D	47.0	10.1%
310C	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	C/D	8.7	1.9%
314C	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, stony	C/D	10.0	2.2%
537B	Paxton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, stony	С	9.4	2.0%
651	Udorthents, smoothed		0.2	0.1%
711C	Charlton-Rock outcrop- Hollis complex, sloping		57.6	12.4%
711E	Charlton-Rock outcrop- Hollis complex, steep		3.7	0.8%
Totals for Area of Interest			466.4	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

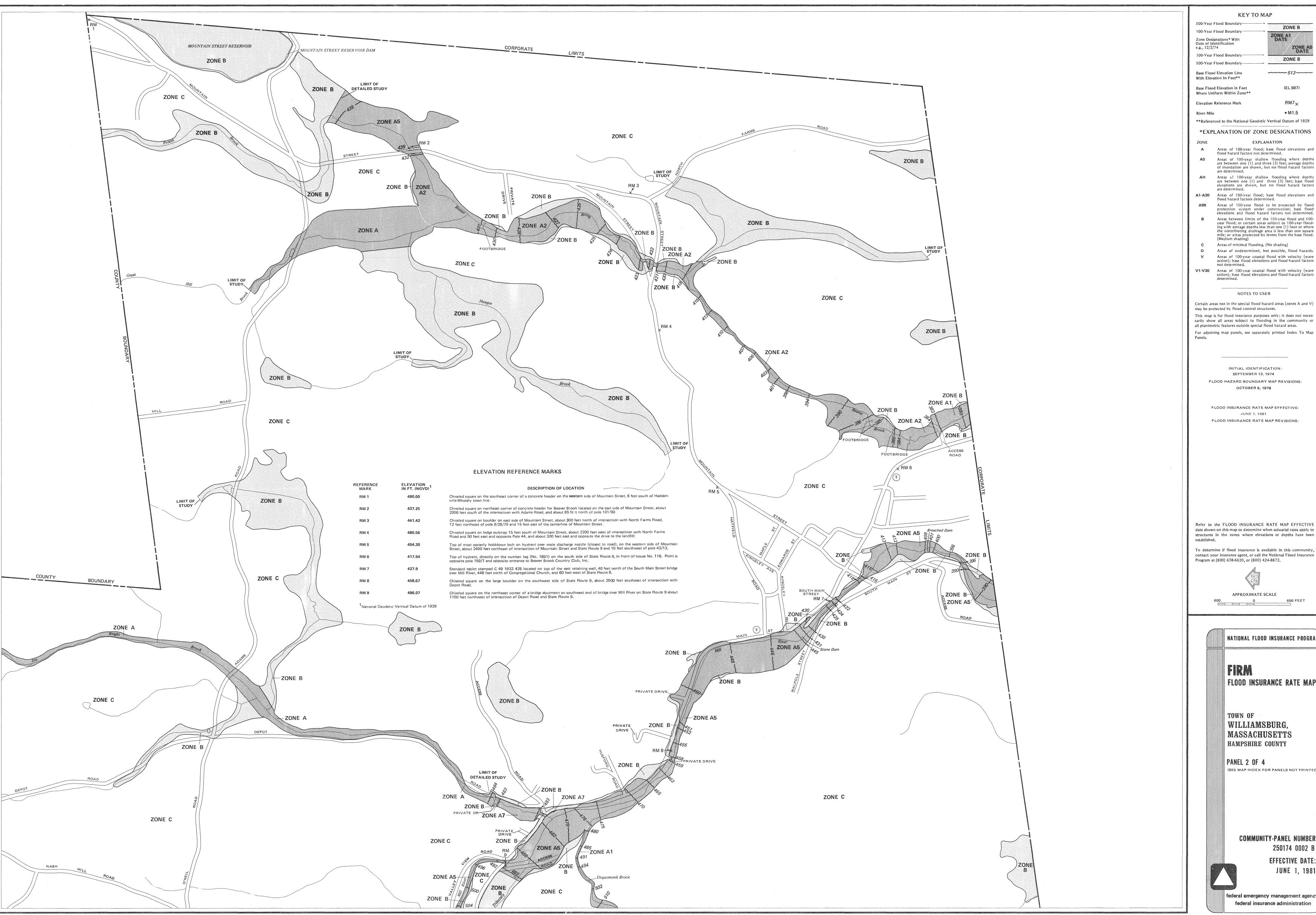
Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP



KEY TO MAP ZONE B

513---

(EL 987)

ZONE B

Base Flood Elevation in Feet Where Uniform Within Zone**

**Referenced to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 *EXPLANATION OF ZONE DESIGNATIONS

EXPLANATION Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors not determined. Areas of 100-year shallow flooding where depths are between one (1) and three (3) feet; average depths of inundation are shown, but no flood hazard factors

Areas of 100-year shallow flooding where depths are between one (1) and three (3) feet; base flood elevations are shown, but no flood hazard factors

A1-A30 Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors determined.

Areas of 100-year flood to be protected by flood protection system under construction; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors not determined. Areas between limits of the 100-year flood and 500-year flood; or certain areas subject to 100-year flooding with average depths less than one (1) foot or where the contributing drainage area is less than one square mile; or areas protected by levees from the base flood.

Areas of minimal flooding. (No shading) Areas of undetermined, but possible, flood hazards.

Areas of 100-year coastal flood with velocity (wave action); base flood elevations and flood hazard factors V1-V30 Areas of 100-year coastal flood with velocity (wave action); base flood elevations and flood hazard factors determined.

Certain areas not in the special flood hazard areas (zones A and V) may be protected by flood control structures. This map is for flood insurance purposes only; it does not necessarily show all areas subject to flooding in the community or

OCTOBER 8, 1976

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP REVISIONS:

Refer to the FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EFFECTIVE date shown on this map to determine when actuarial rates apply to structures in the zones where elevations or depths have been

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent, or call the National Flood Insurance Program at (800) 638-6620, or (800) 424-8872.



APPROXIMATE SCALE 600 0

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

TOWN OF WILLIAMSBURG, MASSACHUSETTS HAMPSHIRE COUNTY

PANEL 2 OF 4 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR PANELS NOT PRINTED)

> **COMMUNITY-PANEL NUMBER** 250174 0002 B

EFFECTIVE DATE: JUNE 1, 1981

federal emergency management agency